# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



# **Bachelor of Engineering**

in

# **Electrical Engineering**

**Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-22** 

(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

# **FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

AC: 29/6/2021 Item No.-6.4

# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



# **Syllabus for Approval**

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Third Year in Bachelor of Electrical Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations ( if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	Under Graduation
7	Pattern	Semester
8	Status	Revised
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year: 2021-2022

Date:29/6/2021

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean, Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean, Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

### **Preamble**

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Third Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Final Year Engineering in the academic year 2022-23.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

# Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from NPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C ' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

# **Preface By BoS**

The outcome based course curriculum for the undergraduate degree in Electrical Engineering in Rev.2019 'C' scheme has been chalked out through the thoughtful discussions and deliberations of academic and industry experts. While devising the syllabus content framework, the correct balance between the fundamental / core topics with appropriate mix of topics from the state of the art technologies in electrical and allied domains is attempted. With the increased Industry-Institute interaction and internship programs, students are encouraged to explore the opportunity to improve communication skills, problem solving skill and good team management. These skills shall surely help them to meet the future challenges in their career.

The new course curriculum will also give ample opportunity to the students to work in cross discipline domains to gain the hands on experience through the project based learning facilitated through the various skill based labs, Mini projects, Course projects, Major projects etc. The increased number of department and institute level electives shall facilitate students with the truly choice based learning and skilling in a particular domains.

On behalf of the Board of Studies (BoS) in Electrical Engineering of the University of Mumbai, we seek the active participation from all the stake holders of the engineering education to meet the set outcomes and objectives for the Undergraduate Program in Electrical Engineering.

#### **Board of Studies in Electrical Engineering**

Dr. Sushil S. Thale : Chairman
Dr. B. R. Patil : Member
Dr. S. R. Deore : Member
Dr. B. B. Pimple : Member
Dr. Nandkishor Kinhekar : Member

# **Program Structure for Third Year Electrical Engineering**

## (Semester V & VI)

### **University Of Mumbai**

### (With Effect from 2021-2022) Semester V

Course		eaching Contact			Cr	edits Ass	igned		
Code	Course Name	The	ory	Pract		Theory	Pract.		Total
EEC501	Electrical AC Machines II	3				3			3
EEC502	Electrical Power System II	3				3			3
EEC503	Control System	3				3			3
EEC504	Electromagnetic Field and Wave	3				3			3
EEDO501X	Department Optional Course – 1	3				3			3
EEL501	Electrical AC Machines Lab II			2			1		1
EEL502	Simulation Lab II			2			1		1
EEL503	Control System Lab			2			1		1
EEL504	Professional Communication and Ethics-II			2*+2					2
EEM501	Mini Project – 2 A			4\$			2		2
	Total	15		14		15	07		22
		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course Name			Theory				Prac	
Code		Inter	nal Asses	ssment	End	Exam.	Term Work	/	Total
		Test1	Test2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	WOLK	Oral	
EEC501	Electrical AC Machines-II	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC502	Electrical Power System-II	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC503	Control System	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC504	Electromagnetic Field and Wave	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEDO501X	Department Optional Course – 1	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEL501	Electrical AC Machines Lab-II						25	25	50
EEL502	Simulation Lab-II						25	25	50
EEL503	Control System Lab						25	25	50
EEL504	Professional Communication and Ethics-II	-1				-1	25	25	50
EEM501	Mini Project – 2A						25	25	50
Total				100	400		125	125	750

<sup>\*</sup> Theory class to be conducted for full class

<sup>\$</sup> indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty), for Mini Project; **Faculty Load**: 1 hour per week per four groups

## **Semester VI**

Course Code	Teac	hing Scho Hou		ntact	Credits Assigned				
Code		The	eory	Prac	t./ Tut.	Theory	Pract.		Total
EEC601	Power System Protection & Switchgear	3				3			3
EEC602	Microcontroller Applications	3	3			3			3
EEC603	Control System Design		3			3			3
EEC604	Signals and Systems	3	3			3			3
EEDO601X	Department Optional Course – 2	3	3			3			3
EEL601	Power System Protection & Switchgear Lab			2			1		1
EEL602	Microcontroller Applications Lab	-	-		2		1		1
EEL603	Control System Design Lab			2			1		1
EEL604	SBL-III: Industrial Automation Lab	-	<b></b>	4			2		2
EEM601	Mini Project – 2 B			4\$			2		2
	Total	15		14		15	07		22
			Examination Scheme						
Course	Course Name			Theory End		Exam.	Term	Prac	
Code		Intern	al Assess	ment	Sem	Exam.  Duration	Work	/	Total
		Test1	Test2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)		Oral	
EEC601	Power System Protection & Switchgear	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC602	Microcontroller Applications	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC603	Control System Design	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEC604	Signals and Systems	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEDO601X	Department Optional Course – 2	20	20	20	80	3			100
EEL601	Power System Protection & Switchgear Lab						25	25	50
EEL602	Microcontroller Applications Lab						25	25	50
EEL603	Control System Design Lab						25		25
EEL604	SBL-III: Industrial Automation Lab						25	25	50
EEM601	Mini Project – 2 B						25	25	50
Total				100	400		125	100	725

\$ indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty), for Mini Project; Faculty Load: 1 hour per week per four groups

## **Department Optional Courses**

### <u>Sem. V: Department Optional Course – 1</u>

EEDO5011: Renewable Energy Sources EEDO5012: Advanced Power Electronics

EEDO5013: Advanced Measurements and Instrumentation

EEDO5014: Analog and Digital Communication

### Sem. VI: Department Optional Course – 2

EEDO6011: Special Electrical Machine

EEDO6012: Electric Traction

EEDO6013: High Voltage Engineering

EEDO6014: Energy Storage

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V										
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme	(Contact Hours)	Credits assigned						
EEC501	Electrical AC Machines -II	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract /Tut.	Total				
220301		3		3		3				

		Examination Scheme								
			Theory							
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			End	Exam.	Term	Pract./	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	Duration	work	Oral	TOtal	
					Exam.	(in Hrs)				
EEC501	Electrical AC Machines -II	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100	

Course Objectives	To impart knowledge of operation and performance of synchronous machine
Course Outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:</li> <li>To illustrate the working of synchronous generator</li> <li>To determine the voltage regulation of synchronous generator by different methods</li> <li>To analyze the parallel operation of synchronous generators.</li> <li>To apply Blondel's two reaction theory and solve simple problems on salient pole synchronous machines.</li> <li>To analyze the operation of synchronous motor.</li> <li>To derive the basic machine relations in dq0 variables for a synchronous machine without considering damper winding.</li> </ol>

Module	Contents	Hours
1	Synchronous Generator-Introduction: Construction, Operation, E.M.F. equation, Winding factors, Armature reaction	03
2	Analysis of Synchronous Generator: Phasor diagrams of cylindrical rotor synchronous generator, Voltage regulation, No load (OC) and SC test, Voltage regulation methods: EMF, MMF, ZPF, ASA.	06
3	Performance of Synchronous Generator:  Power flow equations and maximum power conditions, Need for parallel operation and conditions, Effect of variation of field current and prime mover input on parallel operation, Concept of infinite bus, Effect of variation of field current on alternator connected to infinite bus, Numerical problems on parallel operation.	10
4	Salient pole synchronous generator: Concept of direct and quadrature reactance, Blondel's two reaction theory, Phasor diagram of salient pole machine, Power angle characteristics, Synchronizing power and torque.	06
5	Synchronous Motor: Principle of operation, Self-starting methods, Phasor diagram, Load angle ( $\delta$ ), Power flow equations and maximum power conditions, Effect of change in excitation and mechanical power on performance of motor, V and Inverted V curves, Power factor control, Hunting, Excitation and power circles, Measurement of $X_d$ and $X_q$ by slip test, Starting against high torques.	09
6	Theory of Synchronous Machines: Ideal synchronous machine, Transformation to direct and quadrature axis variables, basic machine relations in dq0 variables (Primitive model of synchronous machine without considering damper winding), steady state analysis.	05

#### Text Books:

- 1. Bimbhra P.S., Electric Machinery, Khanna Publisher
- 2. Bimbhra P.S., Generalized Machine Theory, Khanna Publisher
- 3. V. K. Mehta, Principles of Electrical Machines, S Chand Publication

#### Reference Books:

- 1. M.G. Say, Performance and Design of Alternating Current Machines, CBS Pub.
- 2. Ashfaq Husain, Electric Machines, Dhanpat Rai and co. publications
- 3. A.E. Fitzgerald, Kingsly, Stephen, Electric Machinery, Tata McGraw Hill

#### Web Reference /Video Courses

- 1. **NPTEL Course**: **Electrical Machines-II** By Prof. Krishna Vasudevan, Prof. G. Sridhara Rao, Prof. P. Sasidhara Rao, IIT-Madras. Weblink- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/106/108106072/
- 2. **NPTEL Course**: **Electrical Machines** By Prof. G. Bhuvaneshwari, Dept. of Electrical Engineering , IIT-Delhi. Weblink:- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102146/
- 3. **NPTEL Course**: **Electrical Machines-II** By Prof. Tapas Kumar Bhattacharya, Dept. of Electrical Engg. ,IIT-Kharagpur. Weblink:- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105131/

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V								
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme	Credits assigned						
FFCFO2	<b>Electrical Power</b>	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract /Tut.	Total			
EEC502	System II	3		3		3			

		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name	Theory								
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam.	Term	Pract./	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	Duration	work	Oral	TOtal	
		1030 1	10302	7.48	Exam.	(in Hrs)				
EEC502	Electrical Power System II	20	20	20	80	03		-	100	

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To understand different types of faults and their analysis.</li> <li>To understand power system transients and insulation coordination.</li> <li>To understand concept of corona.</li> </ol>
Course outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to</li> <li>Understand and analyse unsymmetrical faults on transmission line</li> <li>Analyse symmetrical component and construct sequence network</li> <li>Analyse symmetrical faults on transmission lines.</li> <li>Understand power system transients</li> <li>Understand phenomenon of lightning and insulation coordination.</li> <li>Understand concept of corona.</li> </ol>

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Symmetrical Fault Analysis: Introduction to synchronous machine, basic construction, operation and equivalent circuit diagram, short circuit of synchronous machine: no load and loaded machine, transient on a transmission line, selection of Circuit breaker, short circuit MVA. Algorithm for SC studies, Z Bus formulation, symmetrical fault analysis using Z bus.  (Numerical)	10
2.	Symmetrical Components: Introduction, Symmetrical component transformation, phase shift in star-delta transformers, sequence impedances and sequence network of transmission line, synchronous machine and transformer, power invariance, construction of sequence network of a power system. (Numerical)	08
3.	Unsymmetrical Fault Analysis: Types of unsymmetrical faults, Analysis of shunt type unsymmetrical faults: single line to ground (SLG) fault, line to line (L-L) fault, double line to ground (LLG) fault. (Numerical)	05
4.	Power System Transients:  Review of transients in simple circuits, recovery transient due to removal of short circuit, arcing grounds, capacitance switching, current chopping phenomenon.  Travelling waves on transmission lines, wave equation, reflection and refraction of waves, typical cases of line terminations, attenuation, Bewely lattice diagram.  (Numerical)	06
5.	Lightning and Insulation Coordination: Lightning phenomenon, mechanism of Lightning stroke, shape of Lightning voltage wave, over voltages due to Lightning, Lightning protection problem, significance of tower footing resistance in relation to Lightning, insulator flashover and withstand voltages, protection against surges, surge arresters, surge capacitor, surge reactor and surge absorber, Lightning arrestors and protective characteristics, dynamic voltage rise and arrester rating.	06

	<b>Insulation Coordination:-</b> Volt time curve, basic approach to insulation co-ordination in power system, over voltage protection, ground wires, insulation coordination based on lightning, surge protection of rotating machines and transformers.	
6.	Corona:  Phenomenon of corona, Disruptive critical voltage, Visual critical voltage, corona loss, factors affecting corona loss, Radio interference due to corona, practical considerations of corona loss, corona in bundled conductor lines, corona ring. (Numerical)	04

#### **Text Books:-**

- 1. B.R. Gupta, Power System Analysis and Design, S. Chand, 4e
- 2. D. P. Kothari, I. J. Nagrath, "Power System Engineering", 3e, Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Wadhwa C.L. Electrical power system, New Age International, 4e
- 4. Mehta V.K., Principles of Power System, S. Chand

#### **Reference Books:-**

- 1. Hadi Saadat, Power System Analysis, TMH publications
- 2. Turan Gonen, Modern power system analysis, Wiley
- 3. Stevenson and Grainger, Modern power system analysis, TMH publication, 1ed

#### Website Reference/ Video Courses:

1. NPTEL Course: Power Systems Analysis By Prof. Arindam Ghosh, Department of Electrical Engineering IIT Kanpur: -Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/106/108106098/

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- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V									
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (0	Credits Assigned						
EEC503	Control Systems	Theory Pract./Tut.		Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total			
EEC503		3		3		3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
				Theor						
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral	TOtal	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)				
EEC503	Control Systems	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100	

	1. Modeling of electric, mechanical and electromechanical systems, using differential equations,							
	transfer functions, block diagrams, and state variables.							
Course	2. To analyze and design system parameters to meet transient and steady state error							
Objectives	performance specifications.							
	3. To learn time response analysis and demonstrate their knowledge to frequency response							
	4. To learn stability analysis of system using Root locus, bode plot, polar plot, and Nyquist plot.							
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:							
	1. Demonstrate an understanding of the fundamentals of (feedback) control systems.							
	2. Determine and use models of physical systems in forms suitable for use in the analysis and							
Course	design of control systems.							
outcomes	3. Express and solve system equations in state-variable form (state variable models).							
	4. Determine the time and frequency-domain responses of first and second-order systems to							
	step and sinusoidal (and to some extent, ramp) inputs.							
	5. Determine the (absolute) stability of a closed-loop control system							

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction to Control System: Elements of control systems, concept of open loop and closed loop systems, Examples and application of open loop and closed loop systems. Concept of feedback and Automatic control, Effects of feedback	03
2.	Mathematical Model of Physical System Transfer function of electrical, mechanical (translational and rotational) System. Force Voltage and Force Current analogies. Transfer function model of AC & DC servomotor, potentiometer & tacho-generator. Block diagram reduction technique and signal flow graph, Mason's rule, Signal flow graph of electrical network. Conversion of BDR to SFG and vice versa.	08
3.	Time Domain Analysis: Time domain analysis of a standard second order closed loop system. Concept of un-damped natural frequency, damping, overshoot, rise time and settling time. Dependence of time domain performance parameters on natural frequency and damping ratio. Step and Impulse response of first and second order systems. Effects of Pole and Zeros on transient response. Stability by pole location. Routh-Hurwitz criteria and applications. Error Analysis: Steady state errors in control systems due to step, ramp and parabolic inputs. Concepts of system types and error constants.	09
4.	State Variable Analysis Introduction to state variable, General state space representation, State space representation of Electrical and Mechanical systems. Conversion between state space and transfer function. Alternative representations in state space: (Phase variable, canonical, parallel & cascade). Similarity transformations, diagonalizing a system matrix. Laplace Transform solution of state equation, stability in state space	07

5.	Root locus Techniques:  Definition and properties of root locus, rules for plotting root locus, stability analysis using root locus.	04
6.	Frequency Domain Analysis: Polar plots, Bode plot, stability in frequency domain, Nyquist plots. Nyquist stability criterion. Gain margin and phase margin via Nyquist diagram and Bode plots.	08

#### Text Books:-

- 1. Control System Engineering by Norman Nise
- 2. Control System Engineering by Nagrath and Gopal, 5th to latest edition, Wiley Eastern
- 3. Modern Control System Engineering by K. Ogata, Prentice Hall
- 4. Modern Control Systems, Twelfth edition, by Richard C Dorf, Robert H Bishop, Pearson.
- 5. Gopal, M., Digital Control System, Wiley Eastern (1986).

#### Reference Books:-

- 1. Linear Control system Analysis and design with MATLAB, by J.J. Azzo, C. H. Houpis S.N. Sheldon, Marcel Dekkar
- 2. Feedback control of Dynamic System, G.F. Franklin, Pearson higher education,
- 3. Control System Engineering, Shivanagraju s. Devi L., New Age International
- 4. Control Systems Technology, Curtis Johnson, Heidar Malki, Pearson
- 5. Control Systems Engineering, S. K. Bhattacharya, Pearson.
- 6. Control Systems, Theory and applications, Smarajit Ghosh, Pearson

#### Web Reference /Video Courses

- 1. NPTEL Course: Control Engineering By Prof. Ramkrishna Pasumarthy, Department of Electrical Engineering, IIT Madras:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/106/108106098/
- 2. NPTEL Course: Control Systems By Prof. C.S. Shankar Ram, Department of Design Engineering, IIT Madras: Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/107/106/107106081/
- 3. NPTEL Course: Control Engineering By Prof. S.D. Agashe, Department of Electrical Engineering, IIT Bombay :-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/101/108101037/

#### Assessment:

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- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V									
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme	Credits Assigned						
EEC504	Electromagnetic Field	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract /Tut.	Total			
EEC504	and Wave	3		3		3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam.	Term	Pract./	Total		
		Test	Test	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	work	Oral	TOtal		
		1	2	Avg	Exam.	(in Hrs)					
EEC504	Electromagnetic Field and Wave	20	20	20	80	03		-	100		

	1. Implement the knowledge of mathematics and physics.						
	2. Visualize Electric field.						
Course	3. Visualize magnetic field						
Objectives	4. Understand their application in electrical engineering						
	5. Analyse time varying electric and magnetic fields						
	6. Formulate electromagnetic wave equation						
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:						
	1. Apply knowledge of mathematics and physics in electrical engineering field.						
	2. Analyze electrostatic fields						
Course	3. Apply and analyse magneto-static fields.						
outcomes	4. Analyze the effect of material medium on electric and magnetic fields.						
	5. Analyze and formulate time varying electric and magnetic fields.						
	6. Formulate wave equations for Electromagnetic wave propagation in different media.						

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Vector Basics: Introduction to Vectors Calculus, Rectangular, Cylindrical and Spherical Co-ordinate System, Co-ordinate and vector transformation; Numericals on line, Surface and Volume Integrals.	05
2.	Static Electric Fields: Coulomb's Law in Vector Form, Electric Field Intensity, Definition, Principle of Superposition, Electric Field due to point charges, Electric Field due to line charge (one and two conductor transmission lines), Electric Field due to an infinite uniformly charged sheet, Definition and physical interpretation of gradient, Electric scalar potential, Relationship between potential and electric field and its application on Surface voltage gradient on conductor. Numericals	12
3.	Static Magnetic Fields: The Biot-Savart's Law in vector form, Magnetic Field intensity due to a finite and infinite wire carrying a current I, Magnetic field intensity on the axis of a circular loop carrying a current I, Ampere's circuital law and its application on A solid cylindrical conductor and Infinitely long coaxial transmission line, Magnetic flux density, Definition and physical Interpretation of Curl, The Lorentz force equation for a moving charge and its applications on Force on a wire carrying a current I placed in a magnetic field, Magnetic Vector Potential.  Numericals	08
4.	Electric and Magnetic Fields in Materials:  Poisson's and Laplace's equation, Electric Polarization, Electric current, Current density,  Point form of ohm's law, Continuity equation for current Numericals	06

5.	Time varying Electric and Magnetic Fields: Faraday's law, Maxwell's Second Equation in integral form from Faraday's Law, Equation expressed in point form, Displacement current, Ampere's circuital law in integral form, Modified form of Ampere's circuital law as Maxwell's first equation in integral form, Equation expressed in point form, Maxwell's four equations in integral form and differential form. Numericals	05
6.	Electromagnetic Wave theory:  Derivation of Wave Equation, Uniform Plane Waves, Maxwell"s equation in phasor form,  Wave equation in phasor form. (No numericals)	03

**Self Study Topics-** Potential due to electrical dipole and flux lines, Electric Flux Density, Gauss Law Definition and physical Significance of Divergence, Divergence theorem. Application on Estimation and control of electric stress, control of stress at an electrode edge.

**Note**: Students should be encouraged to study the self-study topics through text books, reference books, online courses /contents etc. The students' performance on self-study contents be verified through MCQs and/or presentations or any other suitable methodology.

#### Text/Reference Books:-

- 1. W. Hayt, "Engineering electromagnetic", McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 1987.
- 2. Edminister, "Schaum"s series in electromagnetic" McGraw Hill publications, 3rd edition, 1986.
- 3. M.N.O.Sadiku, "Elements of Engineering Electromagnetics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Ed.
- 4. N. Narayan Rao, "Elements of Electromagnetic", PHI publication, 4th edition, 2001.
- 5. David K.Cherp, "Field and Wave Electromagnetics Second Edition-Pearson Edition

#### Website Reference/ Video Courses:

1. NPTEL Course: Electromagnetic Fields By Prof. Harishankar Ramachandran, Department of Electrical Engineering IIT Madras:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/106/108106098/

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- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
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- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V									
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme	(Contact Hours)	Credits Assigned					
55505011	Renewable Energy	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory Pract./Tut.		Total			
EEDO5011	Sources	3		3		3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
				Theor						
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem. Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	Work	Oral		
EEDO5011	Renewable Energy Sources	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100	

	1. To review of conventional and non-conventional energy sources.
	2. To give the students basic knowledge of solar thermal energy applications
Course	3. To give the students basic knowledge solar photovoltaic system
Objectives	4. To give the students basic knowledge of wind energy system
	5. To give the students basic knowledge of fuel cell system operation
	6. To give the students basic knowledge about other renewable energy sources.
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:
	Understand different types conventional energy sources and their reserves
	2. Identify and analyse the process of power generation through solar thermal energy utilization
Course	3. Identify and analyse the process of power generation through solar photovoltaic energy utilization
outcomes	4. Identify and describe the various components and types of Wind Energy system
	5. Identify and describe the basic operation and types of Fuel cell system
	6. Understand different types of other non-conventional energy sources

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction: World's and India's production and reserves of commercial energy sources, energy alternatives, review of conventional and non-conventional energy sources. Statistic of net potential and current generation status of different energy alternatives.	04
2.	Solar Energy (Thermal Energy applications): Solar thermal energy storage, Liquid flat plate collector, Solar air heater, concentrating collectors, thermal energy storage, solar pond	04
3.	Solar Energy (Direct Electricity Applications): Solar Photovoltaic- solar cell: characteristics, losses, model of a solar cell, emerging solar cell technologies; Solar PV modules, mismatch in module, hot spots, bypass diode; PV module: I-V and power curve, effect of variation in temperature and solar radiations; MPPT, types, different algorithms for electrical MPPT. Distributed MPPT, MPPT converters. Types of PV systems: standalone, grid connected systems; BOS of PV system, Battery charge controllers, Power Conditioning Unit, Solar PV Micro-inverters Solar Plant design: mounting of PV panels supporting structures, Calculation and Design methodology of standalone PV system and grid connected system.	12
4.	Wind Energy: Review of wind energy system and its components, types of wind turbines, characteristics; general concepts of aerofoils and aerodynamics, Wind data, Energy content of the wind, Power generation and control in wind energy systems, performance calculations of wind energy systems. Topologies of WES, WES with rectifier / inverter system, Power Converters for Doubly Fed Induction Generators (DFIG) in Wind Turbines.	08

5.	Fuel Cell: Review of fuel cells and their principle of operation, Review of types of fuel cell and their performance comparison. Topologies of fuel cell power systems, applications.	05
6.	Other Sources: Review of other nonconventional sources, their features and applications; Biomass, Tidal, Ocean, Thermal Electric Conversion, geothermal, Micro-hydro, Wave energy	06

#### Text / Reference Books:

- 1. Ali Keyhani, Mohammad N. Marwali, Min Dai "Integration of Green and Renewable Energy in Electric Power Systems", Wiley
- 2. Green M.A "Solar Cells": Operating Principles, Technology and System Applications, Prentice Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs N.J, U.S.A, 1982
- 3. James Larminie, Andrew Dicles "Fuel Cell Systems Explained," Wiley publication
- 4. Chetan Singh Solanki, Solar Photo Voltaics, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2009
- 5. Hashem Nehrir and Caisheng Wang, Modeling and control of Fuel Cells: Distributed Generation Applications, IEEE Press, 2009
- 6. J.F. Manwell and J.G. McGowan, Wind Energy Explained, Theory Design and Applications, Wiley publication
- 7. Leo J.M.J. Blomen and Michael N. Mugerwa, "Fuel Cell System", New York, Plenum Press, 1993.
- 8. D. D. Hall and R. P. Grover, Biomass Regenerable Energy, John Wiley, New York, 1987.
- 9. Felix A. Farret and M. Godoy Simoes, Integration of Alternative Sources of Energy, 2006, John Wiley and Sons.
- 10. S. Chakraborty, M. G. Simões and W. E. Kramer, Power Electronics for Renewable and Distributed Energy System, Springer 2013
- 11. N. Femia G. Petrone, G. Spagnuolo and M. Vitelli, Power Electronics and Control Techniques for Maximum Energy Harvesting in Photovoltaic Systems, CRC Press, 2013.

#### Website Reference/ Video Courses:

- 1. **NPTEL Course: Energy Resources & Technology** By Prof. S. Banerjee, IIT Kharagpur:- Web link-https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105058/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Non-Conventional Energy Systems** By Prof. L. Umanand, IISC Bangalore:- Web link-https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108078/

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V									
Course Code Course Name Teaching scheme (Contact Hours) Credits Assigned										
EEDO5012	Advanced Power	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total				
LLDOSO12	Electronics	3		3		3				

		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name			Theor						
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End Sem.		Term Work	Pract/ Oral	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)	VVOIK	Orai		
EEDO5012	Advanced Power Electronics	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100	

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To understand and analyse dc to dc conversion with isolation and hence to analyze different converter circuits for power conversion.</li> <li>To understand the principles of design of magnetics such as high frequency transformers and inductors.</li> <li>To keep abreast with the latest technologies and research going on in different areas related to power electronics.</li> <li>To enhance the capability of problem solving skills.</li> <li>To model the converter and design the controller for deeper understanding and detailed analysis.</li> </ol>
Course outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:         <ol> <li>Analyze and select dc to dc power electronic converter topology for energy conversion applications.</li> <li>Apply the basic concepts of magnetics to design high frequency transformers and Inductors for dc to dc converter topologies.</li> <li>Analyze resonant power electronic converter topologies for high frequency applications</li> <li>Model and design controllers for the closed loop operation of dc to dc converters.</li> <li>Apply the basic concepts of power electronics in the fields of AC and DC drives, power generation and energy conversion, industrial applications, extraction of energy from renewable sources.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Switching Voltage Regulators: Comparison of Linear voltage regulators and switching voltage regulators, Buck, Boost, Buck-Boost converters in Boundary and Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM), Isolated converters-unidirectional and bidirectional core excitation, Flyback converter, Forward converter, Full bridge converter (Numericals).	11
2.	<b>Design of DC to DC converters (Boost, Buck, BDC, Flyback only):</b> Review of magnetic concepts, area product, design of inductor, design of high frequency transformer, numerical on design of inductor and transformer. Selection of capacitor, switching device and diode.	07
3.	<b>Resonant converters:</b> Drawbacks of switch-mode converters, basic resonant circuit concepts, Resonant switch converters - ZVS, ZCS, comparison, Basic concept of resonant dc link inverter and Applications of resonant converters.	04
4.	Modeling and control (Boost, Buck and Flyback only): State space model of various dc to dc converters, effect of ESR of capacitor and inductor resistance on the state space models, state space averaging technique, small signal analysis, transfer function, feedback control, compensator design, voltage mode control and current mode control, advantages of digital control.	08

5.	<b>Multi-Level Inverter:</b> Need for multilevel inverters, Diode clamped, flying capacitor and cascaded MLI, Phase shifted and level shifted PWM techniques, introduction to SVM for three level inverter.	04
6.	Applications of power electronic converters: Solar PV power conditioning unit, Bidirectional converter in battery charging, Resonant converters in induction heating, converters in residential applications, Application of Multi level inverter and three port DC to Dc converters.	05

**Self study Topics:** series and parallel load resonant converter.

**Note**: Students should be encouraged to study the self-study topics through text books, reference books, online courses /contents etc. The students' performance on self-study contents be verified through MCQs and/or presentations or any other suitable methodology.

#### **Books Recommended:**

#### Text Books:

- 1. N. Mohan and T. M. Undeland, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- 2. L. Umanand, Bhatt, "Design Of Magnetic Components for Switched Mode Power Converters", John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Simon Ang, Alejandro Oliva, "Power-Switching Converters", Taylor and Francis group
- 4. Bin Wu, "High Power Converters and AC drives", IEEE press, John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. M.H. Rashid, Hand book of Power Electronics", Third edition Butterworth-Heinemann, 2011.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. L. Umanand, "Power Electronics: Essentials and Applications", Wiley India, 2009.
- 2. R.W. Erickson and D. Maksimovic, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Springer Science & Business Media, 2007.
- 3. Joseph Vithayathil, "Power Electronics", Tata McGraw hill, 1995.
- 4. P. T. Krein, Elements of Power Electronics, Oxford University Press.
- 5. V. Ramanarayanan, "Course Material on Switched Mode Power Conversion", 2007.
- 6. Simone Buso and Paolo Mattavelli "Digital Control in Power Electronics", Morgan & Claypool Publishers.

#### Website Reference/ Video Courses:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Advance Power Electronics And Control By Prof. Avik Bhattacharya, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Roorkee:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107128/
- 2. NPTEL Course: **Switched Mode Power Conversion** By Prof. L. Umanand and Prof. V. Ramanarayanan, IISC Bangalore:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108036/

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V								
Course Code Course Name Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours) Credits assigned									
EEDOE012	Advanced Measurements	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract /Tut.	Total			
EED02012	EEDO5013 and Instrumentation 3 3 3								

		Examination Scheme							
		Theory						Pract	
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment End Exam.			Term	/	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem. Exam.	Duration (in Hrs)	work	Oral	rotar
EEDO5013	Advanced Measurements and Instrumentation	20	20	20	80	03		-	100

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To impart knowledge of architecture of the analog and digital measurement systems</li> <li>To illustrate the working principle of electrical and non-electrical parameters measurements</li> <li>To emphasize the principles and application of MEMS</li> <li>To acquaint with digital data acquisition and virtual instrumentation system</li> </ol>
Course outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:</li> <li>Classify, select and use various types of measurement sensors/ transducers and instrumentation system suitable for the given application</li> <li>Classify and select proper measuring instrument for various electrical and non-electrical parameters measurements</li> <li>Illustrate the principles and application of MEMS in various fields of engineering.</li> <li>Understand the working of digital data acquisition system</li> <li>Understand the role of virtual instrumentation in various application domains</li> </ol>

Module	Contents	Hours
1	Measurement and Instrumentation: Basics of measurement and instrumentation system: Measurement System Architecture: analog and digital systems; Measuring Instruments: Classification, Absolute and secondary instruments, indicating instruments, constructional details, characteristics; Errors in measurements, Sensor Dynamics, Overview of Signal Conditioning: Analog and Digital Signal Conditioning	04
2	<ul> <li>Sensors and Transducers:         <ul> <li>Electrical Parameters measurement: Voltage and current, Instrument Transformers: Potential and current transformers.</li> <li>Displacement Measurement: Transducers for displacement, displacement measurement, potentiometer, LVDT.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Strain Measurement: Theory of Strain Gauges, Bridge circuit, Strain gauge based load cells and torque sensors,</li> <li>Velocity, Speed, Vibration and Acceleration Measurement: Velocity and Speed: Electromagnetic tachometer, Photoelectric tachometer, variable reluctance tachometer, Digital Encoders.         <ul> <li>Vibration and acceleration: Eddy current type, piezoelectric type; Accelerometer: Principle of working, practical accelerometers, strain gauge based and piezoelectric accelerometers.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressure Measurement: Elastic pressure transducers viz. Bourdon tubes, diaphragm, bellows and piezoelectric pressure sensors.</li> <li>Flow Measurement: Bernoulli flowmeter, Ultrasonic flowmeter, Magnetic flow meter, Rotameter.</li> <li>Miscellaneous Sensors: Leak detector, Flame detector, Smoke detector, pH sensors, Conductivity sensors, Humidity sensors, Potentiometric Biosensors and Proximity sensors (Only basic principle of working)</li> </ul>	10

3	MEMS Technology: Introduction Nanotechnology and MEMS, MEMS design, and fabrication technology — Lithography, Etching, MEMS material, Bulk micromachining, Surface micromachining, Micro-actuator, electrostatic actuation, Micro-fluidics.  MEMS types and their applications: Mechanical MEMS — Strain and pressure sensors, Accelerometers etc., Electromagnetic MEMS — Micro-motors, Wireless and GPS MEMS, Magnetic MEMS — all effect sensors, SQUID magnetometers, Optical MEMS — Micro-machined fiber optic component, Optical sensors, Thermal MEMS — thermo-mechanical	10
	and thermo-electrical actuators, Peltier heat pumps	
4	Digital Data Acquisition System: Interfacing transducers to Electronics Control and Measuring System. Instrumentation and Isolation Amplifier; Review of Computer-Controlled Test Systems. IEEE-488 GPIB Bus; Microcontroller based data acquisition	04
5	Virtual Instrumentation: Historical perspective, Block diagram and Architecture of Virtual Instruments Data-flow Techniques: Graphical programming in data flow, Comparison with conventional programming. VI Programming Techniques: VIs and sub-VIs, Loops and Charts, Arrays, Clusters and graphs, Case and sequence structures, Formula nodes, Use of Analysis Tools: Advanced analysis tools such as Fourier transforms, Power spectrum, Correlation methods, Windowing and filtering and their applications in signal and image processing, Motion Control.	06
6	Process Control System:  Electrical, Pneumatic, Hydraulic and Thermal systems, Process Control, Selection of Control: On-Off control, P, Pi, PID control.  Sensitivity analysis of sensor-influence of component variation, Signal conditioning: Amplifier, Conversion, Filtering, Impedance Buffering, Modulation / Demodulation, Linearization, Grounding and Isolation.	05

#### **Books Recommended:**

#### Text Books and Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction To Instrumentation And Measurements by Robert B. Northrop, CRC Press, 2014
- 2. Instrumentation for Process Measurements and Control, by Norman Andrson, Chilton Company
- 3. Measurement Systems: Applications and Design, by EO Doebelin,5th Edition, McGraw Hill
- 4. Mechanical Engineering Measurements, A K Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi
- 5. Instrumentation & Mechanical Measurements, A K Thayal
- 6. Control System Engineering by Nagrath IJ and Gopal M, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 7. Control systems by Dhanesh Manik, Cengage Learning
- 8. Engineering Metrology and Measurements by N V Raghavendra and L Krishnamurthy, Oxford University Press
- 9. Instrumentation and Control System, W. Bolton, Elsevier
- 10. Smart Sensors and MEMS, by Stoyan Nihtianov and Antonio Luque, Woodhead Publishing, 2018.
- 11. Fundamentals of Micro-fabrications and Nanotechnology- From MEMS to Bio-Mems and Bio-NEMS, by Marc J. Madou, CRC Press, 2011
- 12. Handbook of Silicon Based MEMS Materials and Technologies, by Markku Tilli et al. William Andrew, Elsevier, 2015

#### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. **NPTEL Course: Electrical Measurement And Electronic Instruments** By Prof. Avishek Chatterjee, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kharagpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105153/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Industrial Instrumentation** By Prof. Alok Barua, IIT Kharagpur:-Web link-https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105064/
- 3. **NPTEL Course: Industrial Instrumentation** By Prof. **Prof. S. Mukhopadhyay and Prof. S.Sen**, IIT Kharagpur:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105062/

#### Assessment:

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- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V							
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme	(Contact Hours)	Credits Assigned			
EEDO5014	Analog and Digital	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total	
2223014	Communication	3		3		3	

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
				Theor						
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
		Test 1	Tost 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral	Total	
		rest 1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)				
EEDO5014	Analog and Digital Communication	20	20	20	80	3	_	_	100	

	1. To introduce the elements of communication systems, describe the generalized block diagram
Course	and the types of communication systems.
Objectives	2. To make students understand analog and digital communication techniques
	3. To teach data and pulse communication techniques
	4. To introduce source and Error control coding
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:
	1. Understand theory of noise and the various methods involved in modulation techniques
	2. Interpret the concepts in analog communication and differentiate various analog modulation
Course	techniques.
Outcomes	3. Develop the concepts in digital communication and various digital modulation techniques
	4. Apply and integrate various pulsed modulation in digital communication systems.
	5. Conversant in proposing suitable error controlling and correction algorithms.
	6. Understand and incorporate the basic knowledge of optical fiber communication and Satellite
	communication.

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction to Communication Systems:  Need and Importance of Communication, Elements of a Communication System, Types of communication systems (block diagram approach), Electromagnetic Spectrum used in communication, concept of bandwidth and power, Receiver characteristics, Need for modulation;  Noise: Source of Noise - Types of noise, External Noise- Internal Noise - Noise Calculation, signal to noise ratio	05
2.	Analog Communication: Theory of Amplitude Modulation(DSBFC, DSBSC) - Evolution and Description of SSB Techniques, Independent sideband (ISB) and Vestigial Side Band (VSB) principles and transmitters; Theory of Frequency and Phase Modulation; Comparison of various Analog Communication System (AM, FM, PM)	08
3.	Digital Communication: Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Phase Shift Keying (PSK), BPSK,QPSK, Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM); Bandwidth, Efficiency Comparison of various Digital Communication System (ASK – FSK – PSK – QAM).	07

4.	Sampling Techniques: Sampling theorem, Nyquist criteria; Types of Sampling. Pulse modulation schemes — PAM, PPM and PWM generation and detection-Pulse code modulation. Conversion of PWM to PPM. Multiplexing Techniques - FDM and TDM; Delta modulation, adaptive delta modulation, principle, generation and detection; TDM and FDM basic concepts and block diagram; Applications of pulse communication	07
5.	Source and Error Control Coding: Entropy -Source encoding theorem - Shannon fano coding - Huffman coding - mutual information — Channel capacity - Channel coding theorem; Error Control Coding - Linear block codes - Cyclic codes —Convolution codes - Viterbi decoding algorithm.	08
6.	Overview of other Types of Communication: Optical fiber communication; Satellite Communication; Bluetooth.	04

#### Text Books:-

- 1. G. Kennedy and B. Davis, "Electronic Communication Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 2011
- 2. Roddy and Coolen, "Electronic Communication", 4th Edition, Pearson Education 2008
- 3. Simon Haykin, "Digital Communications", 2014, 1st edition, John Wiley, India.
- 4. T.L.Singal, "Analog and Digital Communication", 2012, 1st edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd, New York.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Taub and Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", McGraw Hill, Fourth reprint 2009.
- 2. Wayne Tomasi, "Electronic Communications Systems Fundamentals Through advanced", 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Hwei Ksu and Debjani Mitra, "Analog and Digital Communication: Schaum's Outline Series",
- 4. McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd., 3rd Edition 2009.
- 5. John. G. Proakis, "Digital Communication", 2014, 5th edition, Pearson Education, Noida, India.
- 6. Herbert Taub and Donald L Schilling," Principles of Communication Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012
- 7. Bernard Sklar, "Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications", 2016, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, US.

#### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Principles of Digital Communications By Prof. S N Merchant, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Bombay:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/101/108101113/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Principles of Communication Systems-I** By Prof. Aditya K. Jagannatham, IIT Kanpur:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104091/

#### Assessment:

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- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four guestions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V							
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (	Credits Assigned				
EEL501	Electrical AC	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total	
ELLSOI	Machines Lab-II		2		1	1	

		Examination Scheme							
	Course Name			Theor					
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work	& Oral	TOtal
		rest 1	rest 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEL501	Electrical AC Machines Lab-II						25	25	50

Course Objectives	To impart the knowledge on the following:  1. Practical understanding of Synchronous machines and their characteristics  2. Voltage regulation and Parallel operation of Synchronous generators
Course outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:</li> <li>To analyze the operation of synchronous machines</li> <li>To determine the voltage regulation of synchronous machines</li> <li>To analyze the synchronization (or parallel operation) of synchronous machines</li> <li>To determine the parameters of synchronous machines</li> </ol>

Syllabus: Same as EEC501: Electrical AC Machines-II

Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments: Minimum six experiments need to be performed.

- 1. Constructional details of Synchronous machine
- 2. Voltage regulation of Alternator by Direct loading method
- 3. Voltage regulation of Alternator by EMF and MMF method
- 4. Voltage regulation of Alternator by ZPF and ASA method
- 5. Synchronization / Parallel operation of Alternator
- 6. Starting methods of Synchronous motor
- 7. Load test on Synchronous motor
- 8. 'V' and 'inverted V' curves of Synchronous machine
- 9. Determination of  $X_d$  and  $X_q$  of Synchronous machine by Slip test
- 10. Use of Synchronous motor as a Synchronous condenser
- 11. To determine positive sequence, negative sequence and zero sequence reactance of an alternator

Any other experiment based on syllabus which will help students to understand topic / concept.

<u>Industry Visit:</u> Students' visit to be arranged to the nearby industry involved in design/ manufacturing/ processing in the following electrical engineering domains: Electrical Machines / Electrical Power / Renewable energy / Power Electronics / Instrumentation / Communication Systems. All students shall submit visit report in appropriate format as a part of the submission for EEL501.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remote-access to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

#### **Virtual Lab Website Reference**

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum eight experiments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance : 10 marks
Journal : 05 marks
Industrial Visit report : 05 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

#### Practical and Oral Examination:

Practical and Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus of **EEC501**: Electrical AC Machines-II

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V							
Course code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (	(Contact Hours)		Credits Assigne	ed	
EEL502	Simulation Lab-II	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total	
LLLJUZ	Simulation Lab-ii		2		1	1	

		Examination Scheme							
Course									
code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Oral	Total
Couc		Tost 1	Toot 2	Λισ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Orai	Total
		Test 1 Te	Test 2	est 2 Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEL502	Simulation Lab-II						25	25	50

	The course is aimed:
6	1. To understand basic block sets of different simulation platform used in electrical /electronic
Course Objectives	circuit design.
Objectives	2. To understand use and coding in different software tools used in electrical/ electronic circuit
	design
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to
	1. Develop the skill to use the software packages to model and program electrical and electronics
	systems
Course	2. Model different electrical and electronic systems and analyze the results
outcomes	3. Articulate importance of software packages used for simulation in laboratory
	experimentation /research/industry by analyzing the simulation results.
	4. Simulate circuits for performance analysis.

# Suggested Software Tools to be Used for Simulation Lab-II:

#### Note:

- 1. Students should be encouraged to use open source softwares such as SCILAB, LTSPICE, Texas Instrument's 'Webbench', Ngspice, Solve Elec etc. for carrying out the lab simulation listed below.
- 2. Use of Professional Licensed versions of softwares like MATLAB, Proteus, LabVIEW, NI Multisim, PSpice, PSim, PSCAD, TINA etc. is also allowed.
- 3. Use of 'Python' platform for simulating components/ circuit behaviour should also be emphasized
- 4. Many of the following suggested experimentation can be carried out on Virtual lab platform

Suggested List of Laboratory Experiment: Minimum eight experiments need to be performed from various subjects domain. Some of the simulation experiments can also be selected based on the department elective offered

- 1. Study of sampling theorem, effect of under-sampling.
- 2. Study of Quantization of continuous-amplitude, discrete-time analog signals.
- 3. Study of properties of Linear time-invariant system.
- 4. Simulation of Signal processing circuit (amplifier/filter/linearizing circuits) used for sensors / transducers
- 5. Virtual Instrumentation based Simulations of measurement and processing of Non-electrical parameters like temperature, pressure, force, speed etc.
- 6. Virtual Instrumentation based Simulation of any suitable industrial Process
- 7. Simulate the performance of a chemical sensor
- 8. Characterize the strain gauge sensor
- 9. Characterize the temperature sensor (Thermocouple)
- 10. Characterize the temperature sensor (RTD)
- 11. Simulate the performance of a bio-sensor
- 12. Measurement of level in a tank using capacitive type level probe

- 13. Simulation of Solar PV MPPT (P&O or Incremental conductance) based characterization under different operating conditions
- 14. Simulation of Solar PV and Battery hybrid energy source
- 15. Simulation of Fuel cell based Two stage (DC-DC converter and VSI ) power supply for AC loads
- 16. Simulation of Back to back converter for Wind Energy Application
- 17. Simulation of closed loop control of Buck/Boost/Buck-Boost DC-DC converters
- 18. Simulation of a Resonant converter (Series/ parallel; ZVS/ZCS)
- 19. Simulation of Multilevel Inverter
- 20. Simulation of Solar PV MPPT converter with VSI
- 21. Simulation of Battery based Bidirectional Converter
- 22. Simulation of Flyback converter based SMPS
- 23. Simulating a Local Area Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)
- 24. Simulating a Wi-Fi Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)
- 25. Simulating a Wi-Fi Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)
- 26. Setting up a Bluetooth Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)
- 27. Setting up a ZigBee Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)
- 28. Simulating a Wireless Sensor Network (Using Vlab platform: Advanced Network Technologies Virtual Lab)

Any other simulations / algorithms based on fifth semester syllabus, which will help students to understand topic / concept.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remote-access to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

#### Virtual Lab Website Reference

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum eight experiments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance : 10 marks

Journal : 10 marks

Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

#### Oral Examination:

Oral examination will be based on all the laboratory experiments carried out in EEL-502- Simulation Lab-II

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V							
Course code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (0		Credits Assigned				
EEL503	Control Systems	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total		
Lab	Lab		2		1	1		

Course code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Theory								
		Internal Assessment			End			Oral	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem. Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	Work			
EEL503	Control Systems Lab						25	25	50	

	1. To study basic concepts of control system
	2. To familiarize with the modelling of dynamical systems and the characteristics of control
Course	components like AC servo motor, DC servo motor, DC position control system and synchro
Objectives	3. To employ time domain analysis to predict and diagnose transient performance parameters of
	the system for standard input functions to ascertain the required dynamic response from the
	system
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to
	1. Illustrate the functioning of various components of control system.
Course	2. Analyse the response of physical system for various inputs.
outcomes	3. Analyze and interpret stability of the system through Root Locus, Bode plot and Nyquist plots
	4. Execute time response analysis of a second order control system using MATLAB

Syllabus: Same as EEC503: Control Systems

Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments: Minimum four from Group (A) and four from Group (B), in all minimum eight experiments need to be performed.

#### (A) Laboratory Experiments

- 1. Study of AC Servomotor
- 2. Study of DC Servomotor
- 3. Study of potentiometer as an error detector
- 4. Study of Synchros as an error detector
- 5. Study of AC position control system
- 6. Study of DC position control system
- 7. Obtain time response of first order to step ramp and parabolic input
- 8. Obtain time response of second order system to step input.

#### (B) Simulation Based Experiments (on Simulation Platform like MATLAB/SCILAB or Python Programming tool)

- 1. a) Simulation of a typical second order system and determination of step response and evaluation of time domain specifications
  - b) Evaluation of the effect of additional poles and zeroes on time response of second order system
  - c) Evaluation of effect of pole location on stability
  - d) Effect of loop gain of a negative feedback system on stability
- 2. Draw the Root loci for a given transfer function and verification of breakaway point and imaginary axis crossover point.
- 3. Obtain the phase margin and gain margin for a given transfer function by drawing bode plots and verify the same.
- 4. Draw the Nyquist plot for a given transfer function.

- 5. Obtain State model from Poles and zero and also from transfer function
- 6. Determination of step, ramp & impulse response of a state model

Any other experiment based on syllabus which will help students to understand topic / concept.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remoteaccess to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

#### **Virtual Lab Website Reference**

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum eight experiments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance :10 marks
Journal :10 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical) :05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

#### Oral Examination:

Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus of **EEC503**: Control Systems

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V								
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme			Credit assigned				
	Professional	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
EEL504	Communication & Ethics-II		2*+ 2 Hours (Batch-wise)			2		02	

<sup>\*</sup>Theory class to be conducted for full class.

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
		Theory									
Course Code			Interna sessme		End	Duration (hrs)	Term work	l Pract	Oral	Internal Oral	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	sem						
EEL504	Professional Communication & Ethics-II						25			25	50

	This curriculum is designed to build up a professional and ethical approach, effective oral and						
Course	written communication with enhanced soft skills. Through practical sessions, it augments						
Rationale	student's interactive competence and confidence to respond appropriately and creatively to the						
	implied challenges of the global Industrial and Corporate requirements. It further inculcates the						
	social responsibility of engineers as technical citizens.						
	To discern and develop an effective style of writing important technical/business documents.						
	To investigate possible resources and plan a successful job campaign.						
Course	• To understand the dynamics of professional communication in the form of group discussions,						
Objectives	meetings, etc. required for career enhancement.						
	To develop creative and impactful presentation skills.						
	To analyze personal traits, interests, values, aptitudes and skills.						
	To understand the importance of integrity and develop a personal code of ethics.						
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:						
	1. Plan and prepare effective business/technical documents which will in turn provide solid						
	foundation for their future managerial roles.						
	2. Strategize their personal and professional skills to build a professional image and meet						
Course	the demands of the industry.						
Outcomes	3. Emerge successful in group discussions, meetings and result-oriented agreeable solutions						
	in group communication situations.						
	4. Deliver persuasive and professional presentations.						
	5. Develop creative thinking and interpersonal skills required for effective professional						
	communication.						
	6. Apply codes of ethical conduct, personal integrity and norms of organizational behaviour.						

Module	Contents	Hours
	ADVANCED TECHNICAL WRITING :PROJECT/PROBLEM BASED LEARNING (PBL)	
1	<ul> <li>1.1 Purpose and Classification of Reports:</li> <li>Classification on the basis of:</li> <li>Subject Matter (Technology, Accounting, Finance, Marketing, etc.)</li> <li>Time Interval (Periodic, One-time, Special)</li> <li>Function (Informational, Analytical, etc.)</li> <li>Physical Factors (Memorandum, Letter, Short &amp; Long)</li> </ul>	06

	1.2. Parts of a Long Formal Report:	
	Prefatory Parts (Front Matter)	
	Report Proper (Main Body)	
	Appended Parts (Back Matter)	
	1.3. Language and Style of Reports	
	Tense, Person & Voice of Reports	
	Numbering Style of Chapters, Sections, Figures, Tables and Equations	
	Referencing Styles in APA & MLA Format	
	Proofreading through Plagiarism Checkers	
	1.4. Definition, Purpose & Types of Proposals	
	Solicited (in conformance with RFP) & Unsolicited Proposals	
	Types (Short and Long proposals)	
	1.5. Parts of a Proposal	
	• Elements	
	Scope and Limitations	
	Conclusion	
	Conclusion     1.6. Technical Paper Writing	
	Parts of a Technical Paper (Abstract, Introduction, Research Methods, Findings      Analysis Discussion Limitations Systems (Source and Deformance)	
	and Analysis, Discussion, Limitations, Future Scope and References)	
	Language and Formatting     Defendance in 1555 Formatting	
	Referencing in IEEE Format  EMPLOYMENT SKILLS	
	2.1. Cover Letter & Resume	
	Parts and Content of a Cover Letter     Difference between Dia data Regume 8 CV	
	Difference between Bio-data, Resume & CV	
	• Essential Parts of a Resume	
	Types of Resume (Chronological, Functional & Combination)	
	2.2 Statement of Purpose	
	Importance of SOP  The following series and series are series as a series are series are series as a series are series a	
	Tips for Writing an Effective SOP	
	2.3 Verbal Aptitude Test	
2	Modelled on CAT, GRE, GMAT exams	06
	2.4. Group Discussions	
	Purpose of a GD	
	Parameters of Evaluating a GD	
	Types of GDs (Normal, Case-based & Role Plays)	
	GD Etiquettes	
	2.5. Personal Interviews	
	Planning and Preparation	
	Types of Questions	
	Types of Interviews (Structured, Stress, Behavioural, Problem Solving & Case-	
	based)	
	Modes of Interviews: Face-to-face (One-to one and Panel) Telephonic, Virtual	
	BUSINESS MEETINGS	
	3.1 Conducting Business Meetings	
	Types of Meetings	
	Roles and Responsibilities of Chairperson, Secretary and Members	
3	Meeting Etiquette	02
	3.2. Documentation	
	Notice	
	Agenda	
1	Minutes	1

	TECHNICAL / PLICINIESS DESCENTATIONIS					
	TECHNICAL/ BUSINESS PRESENTATIONS					
	4.1 Effective Presentation Strategies					
	Defining Purpose					
	Analyzing Audience, Location and Event					
	Gathering, Selecting & Arranging Material					
	Structuring a Presentation					
4	Making Effective Slides	02				
•	Types of Presentations Aids	02				
	Closing a Presentation					
	Platform skills					
	4.2 Group Presentations					
	Sharing Responsibility in a Team					
	Building the contents and visuals together					
	Transition Phases					
	INTERPERSONAL SKILLS					
	5.1 Interpersonal Skills					
	Emotional Intelligence					
	Leadership & Motivation					
	Conflict Management & Negotiation					
-	Time Management	00				
5	Assertiveness	08				
	Decision Making					
	5.2 Start-up Skills					
	Financial Literacy					
	Risk Assessment					
	Data Analysis (e.g. Consumer Behaviour, Market Trends, etc.)					
	CORPORATE ETHICS					
	6.1 Intellectual Property Rights					
	Copyrights					
	Trademarks					
	• Patents					
6	Industrial Designs	02				
_	Geographical Indications					
	Integrated Circuits					
	Trade Secrets (Undisclosed Information)					
	6.2 Case Studies					
	Cases related to Business/ Corporate Ethics					
	1	1				

#### List of assignments:

(In the form of Short Notes, Questionnaire/ MCQ Test, Role Play, Case Study, Quiz, etc.)

- 1. Cover Letter and Resume
- 2. Short Proposal
- 3. Meeting Documentation
- 4. Writing a Technical Paper/ Analyzing a Published Technical Paper
- 5. Writing a SOP
- 6. IPR
- 7. Interpersonal Skills
- 8. Aptitude test (Verbal Ability)

#### Note:

- 1. The Main Body of the project/book report should contain minimum 25 pages (excluding Front and Back matter).
- 2. The group size for the final report presentation should not be less than 5 students or exceed 7 students.

3. There will be an end-semester presentation based on the book report.

#### Assessment:

#### Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum 8 experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Assignment : 10 Marks

Attendance : 5 Marks
Presentation slides : 5 Marks
Book Report (hard copy) : 5 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

#### Internal oral:

Oral Examination will be based on a GD & the Project/Book Report presentation.

Group Discussion : 10 marks
Project Presentation : 10 Marks
Group Dynamics : 5 Marks

#### **Books Recommended:**

#### Textbooks and Reference books:

- 1. Arms, V. M. (2005). *Humanities for the engineering curriculum: With selected chapters from Olsen/Huckin: Technical writing and professional communication, second edition*. Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Bovée, C. L., & Thill, J. V. (2021). Business communication today. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson.
- 3. Butterfield, J. (2017). *Verbal communication: Soft skills for a digital workplace*. Boston, MA: Cengage Learning.
- 4. Masters, L. A., Wallace, H. R., & Harwood, L. (2011). *Personal development for life and work*. Mason: South-Western Cengage Learning.
- 5. Robbins, S. P., Judge, T. A., & Campbell, T. T. (2017). Organizational behaviour. Harlow, England: Pearson.
- 6. Meenakshi Raman, Sangeeta Sharma (2004) Technical Communication, Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press
- 7. Archana Ram (2018) Place Mentor, Tests of Aptitude For Placement Readiness. Oxford University Press
- 8. Sanjay Kumar & PushpLata (2018). Communication Skills a workbook, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V							
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (	Credits Assigned					
EEM501	Mini Project – 2A	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total		
LEIVISOT IVIIIII T TOJECT ZA			<b>4</b> \$		2	2		

		Examination Scheme								
		Theory								
Course code Course Name	Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Oral	Total		
		Test 1	t 1 Test 2	Test 2 Avg	Sem.	Duration	Work	Orai	rotar	
					Exam	(in Hrs)				
EEM501	Mini Project – 2A						25	25	25	

#### \$ indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty)

	1. To design and develop a moderately complex electrical/electronic/digital circuit with practical								
	applications.								
	2. To understand basic concepts of circuit design while developing the project.								
Course	Course								
Objectives  3. To enable the students to gain hands-on experience independently proposing and implications of the students are students.									
	the project and thus acquire the necessary confidence to deal with complex								
	electrical/electronic/digital systems.								
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:								
	1. Identify problems based on societal /research needs.								
	2. Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group.								
	3. Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader.								
Course	4. Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental/								
Outcomes	simulations.								
	5. Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable								
	development.								
	6. Use standard norms of engineering practices								
	7. Excel in written and oral communication.								
	8. Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to life-long learning.								
	9. Demonstrate project management principles during project work								

#### A. Mini Project -Topic Selection and Approval

- 1. The group may be of maximum **FOUR (04)** students.
- 2. Students should propose project ideas & finalize the project idea in consultation with guide/ HOD. Students should select a problem which addresses some basic home, office or other real life applications. The mini project must have hardware part. The software part is optional.
- 3. Students should identify different components/ devices, instruments, simulation/emulations software tools required for the project.
- 4. Students should submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/ PERT/ CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of project.
- 5. A Log Book to be prepared by each group to record the work progress in terms of milestones per week by students. Weekly comment, remarks to be put by guiding faculty.

#### B. Mini Project –Execution

#### i. Design and Fabrication

- a. Initial fabrication of the project by students can be done using standard devices/material/software tools to verify the circuit functionalities Initial project fabrication and testing is expected to be done by soldering/assembling on general purpose PCB/ Bakelite boards or suitable platforms required for the electrical/electronic/digital components. Discourage the use of breadboards.
- b. If essential, use of a simulation/emulation software tools to test and verify the performance of the circuit should be encouraged.
- c. Students should prepare the proper drawings (electrical/ mechanical), schematics/ layouts of the project.
- d. For final implementation of the circuit, preparation of PCB (if any required) using suitable CAD tools and fabricating the same in the lab is expected.

### ii. Devices/ Components/ Systems to be Used:

Students are encouraged to use passive components like resistors, capacitors, inductors etc. If any specialize inductor is not readily available, the fabrication of the same in the lab should be encouraged. Other components like: Transistors, diodes, voltage regulators, logic gates, Op-amps, general purpose microcontroller, DC motors/ AC motors, sensors, actuators, relays etc. (Students may add more components as per the requirement of project).

### iii. Testing and analysis of the Project

Students should test the circuit using suitable laboratory equipments like power supply, multi-meter, CRO, DSO etc. In case of any debugging requirement, students should record the problems faced during the testing and solutions sought after for the fault in the circuit.

All the testing results must be well documented in the final project report verifying the functionalities of the propose project.

#### iv. Use of Reference Material/Literature:

Students are advised to refer Application Notes, research publications & data sheets of various electrical/electronic/digital devices from Texas Instruments, Microchips, International Rectifiers, ST Microelectronics, Philips, NXP and many other manufacturers.

#### C. Project Report Format:

Mini Project **report** should include circuit diagram, operation, application, design details, testing, waveforms (if applicable) references, simulation results and final prepared PCB image, conclusion, etc. Project report should include report of all above steps listed in (2) and the conclusion.

### Note:-

It is expected that the department should organise some of the guidance expert lectures / video lectures/ courses/ webinars/ workshops etc. for the students at the appropriate timing during the Mini Project practical slots on following topics:

- 1) Understanding passive components viz. resistors, capacitors and inductors from practical point of view: types/ varieties, device packages, applications and cost.
- 2) Understanding semiconductor components viz. diodes, BJT and JFET/MOSFETs from practical point of view: types/ varieties, device packages, applications and cost.
- 3) Design principles of simple electrical / electronic circuits with some examples.
- 4) Selection of switches and circuit protection components.
- 5) Selection and sizing of wires and conductors.
- 6) Soldering Practice.
- 7) Heat-sinking and Enclosure design concepts
- 8) Overall workmanship while working on the project fabrication.
- 9) Use of different software tools for design and development of circuits
- 10) Use of standard as well as some of the advanced laboratory equipments needed for testing of such projects

### **Application Domains:**

List of key application domains from where students are encouraged to derive Mini Projects topics:

- 1) Smart Agriculture solutions
- 2) Power converter applications in various Applications
- 3) IoT based applications in power systems
- 4) AI/ML applications in disaster management
- 5) Renewable Energy
- 6) Energy Conservation
- 7) Energy Storage
- 8) Battery Charging and Protection
- 9) Fire Safety
- 10) Electrical System Protection
- 11) Lighting Control
- 12) Wireless Power Transfer
- 13) Electrical Components Testing
- 14) Electrical Parameters Measurement
- 15) Non-conventional Electricity Generation
- 16) Laboratory Equipments
- 17) E-Mobility / Electric Vehicles
- 18) Video Surveillance Systems
- 19) Robotics for Hazardous applications
- 20) Waste Management System
- 21) Smart City Solutions
- 22) Smart Classrooms and learning Solutions
- 23) Design of Electrical Equipment
- 24) PLC based automation system
- 25) Power system Monitoring System (EMS)

It is every much expected that the complexity of the Mini Project 2A/ 2B should be increased compared to the selection of projects during Mini Project 1A/1B. Also based on the subjects learned in Sem. III and Sem. IV the broader area inclusive of the concepts learned must be selected. Students can identify the mini project topics either from above suggested domains or any other relevant electrical engineering domains. The inter-disciplinary nature of the project is also desirable.

#### Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project:

### Term Work

- The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.
- In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.
- Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below;
  - Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book: 10
     Marks awarded by review committee : 10
  - o Marks awarded by review committee : 10 o Quality of Project report : 05

Review/progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines.

#### One-year Mini Project:

• In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.

- First shall be for finalization of problem
- Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
- In second semester expected work shall be procurement of components /systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.
  - First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted.
  - Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

### Half-year Mini Project:

- In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,
  - o Identification of need/problem
  - Proposed final solution
  - Procurement of components/systems
  - o Building prototype and testing
- Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,
  - o First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution
  - o Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

### Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

### Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

- 1. Quality of survey/ need identification
- 2. Clarity of Problem definition based on need.
- 3. Innovativeness in solutions
- 4. Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution
- 5. Cost effectiveness
- 6. Societal impact
- 7. Innovativeness
- 8. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 9. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 10. Effective use of skill sets
- 11. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 12. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 13. Clarity in written and oral communication
- In one year, project, first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
- In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

#### Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Oral Examination:

- Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
- Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
- Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

# **Oral Examination:**

# Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points:

- 1. Quality of problem and Clarity
- 2. Innovativeness in solutions
- 3. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 4. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 5. Effective use of skill sets
- 6. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 7. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 8. Clarity in written and oral communication

#### Reference Books:

- 1. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, "The Art of Electronics", 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2015
- 2. R. S. Khandpur, "Printed Circuit Board", McGraw-Hill Education; 1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Simon Monk, "Hacking Electronic: Learning Arduino and Raspberry Pi", McGraw-Hill Education TAB; 2 edition (September 28, 2017).
- 4. Matthew Scarpino, Designing Circuit Boards with EAGLE: Make High-Quality PCBs at Low Cost, 1st Edition Prentice Hall.
- 5. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, The Art of Electronics, 3 Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Archambeault and D. James, PCB Design for Real-World EMI Control, Springer Publications
- 7. Mitzner, Kraig, "Complete PCB design using OrCAD Capture and PCB", Elsevier, 2009
- 8. Peter Dalmaris, "Kicad Like a Pro", Tech exploration
- 9. Charles Platt, "Encyclopedia of Electronic Components Vol-1: Power, electromagnetism, and discrete semiconductors.", Maker Media, 2012
- 10. Charles Platt, "Encyclopedia of Electronic Components Vol-2: Integrated circuits, light sources, sound sources, heat sources, and high frequency sources.", Maker Media, 2015

### Suggested Software tools:

- 1. LTspice:https://www.analog.com/en/design-center/design-tools-and-calculators/ltspice-simulator.html#
- 2. Eagle: <a href="https://www.autodesk.in/products/eagle/overview">https://www.autodesk.in/products/eagle/overview</a>
- 3. OrCAD: https://www.orcad.com/
- 4. Multisim: <a href="https://www.multisim.com/">https://www.multisim.com/</a>
- 5. Webbench: <a href="http://www.ti.com/design-resources/design-tools-simulation/webench-power-designer.html">http://www.ti.com/design-resources/design-tools-simulation/webench-power-designer.html</a>
- 6. Tinkercad: <a href="https://www.tinkercad.com/">https://www.tinkercad.com/</a>
- 7. Raspbian OS: https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads
- 8. Arduino IDE: https://www.arduino.cc/en/main/software

### Online Repository:

- 1. https://www.electronicsforu.com
- 2. https://circuitdigest.com
- 3. https://www.electronicshub.org
- 4. Github

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI									
Course	Course Name	Teaching Schem	Credits Assigned						
Code	Course Name	Theory	Tutorial	Theory	Tutorial	Total			
EEC601	Power System Protection and Switchgear	3	-	3	1	3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course										
Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Total		
		Test 1	Test 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work			
		1631.1	Test 2	Avg.	Exam	(Hrs.)				
EEC601	Power System Protection and Switchgear	20	20	20	80	03	-	100		

Course	To impart basic knowledge of power system protection, substation equipment and
Objectives	protection schemes.
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:
	1. To select the appropriate switching/protecting device for substations.
	2. To discriminate between the application of circuit breaker and fuses as a protective device.
	3. To understand the basic concept of relay, types of relay and their applications in power system.
Course	4. To select the specific protection required for different components of power system according
Outcomes	to the type of fault.
	5. To apply the specific protection provided for different types of transmission lines.

Module	Contents	Hours
1	Substation Equipment and switching devices Substation Equipment: Instrument Transformers: Role of instrument transformers in measuring and protection, difference between measuring and protection CTs, selection of technically suitable instrument transformers; Switchgear-Definition, Types, Location of switchgear in typical power system, single line diagram to show the measuring and protection scheme Switching Devices- Isolator & Earthing switch (Requirements & definitions, types and construction, Pantograph Isolators, Ratings), Load break switches- Ratings and applications; Contactors- Basic working principle, Terms & Definitions, applications.	03
2	Circuit Breakers and Fuses: Circuit Breaker: Arc initiation, arc quenching principles, Re-striking voltage, RRRV, Recovery voltage, Types of Circuit Breakers: For LV application- MCB, MCCB, ELCB, air circuit breakers. For HV application- SF6 circuit breakers, vacuum circuit breakers (working principle, Construction, operating mechanisms, ratings & applications), Mechanical life, Electrical life and testing of circuit breakers. Principle and applications of LV and HV DC circuit breakers  Fuses & their applications-Introduction, classification, working principle and applications of re-wirable and HRC fuses, Expulsion and drop out fuses, Fusing factor, selection of fuse link and cut off characteristics	10
3	Introduction to Protective relaying: Shunt & Series Faults, causes and Effects of faults, Importance of protective relaying, Protective zones, primary & Back-up protection, Different types of backup protection, desirable qualities of protective relaying, PSM & TSM(Importance, Different types of Time- current characteristics and application), working principle of Electromagnetic Induction disc Relays, Thermal, bimetal relays, Frequency relays, under/over voltage relays, DC relays,	09

	Different Principles of protection - Over current & earth fault (non- directional &				
	directional types), differential protection(current and voltage type), distance protection				
	(Working Principle and application of Impedance relay, Causes and remedies of Over				
	reach-under reach, Reactance and Mho relay, Power swing blocking relay).				
	Protection Schemes Provided for major Apparatus:				
	Generators - Stator side (Differential, Restricted Earth fault, protection for 100% winding, Negative phase sequence, Reverse power, turn-turn fault), Rotor side (Field suppression, field failure, Earth fault, turn to turn fault)				
4	Transformers-Differential protection for star delta Transformer, Harmonic restraint relay, REF protection, Protection provided for incipient faults (Gas actuated relay).  Induction motors - Protection of motor against over load, short circuit, earth fault, single				
	phasing, unbalance, locked rotor, phase reversal, under voltage, winding temperature,				
	Protection co-ordination				
	Protection of Transmission Lines:				
5	Feeder protection - Time grading, current grading, combined time & current grading protection provided for Radial, Ring Main, Parallel, T- Feeder.  Bus Zone Protection - Differential protection provided for different types of bus zones.  LV, MV, HV Transmission Lines - Protection provided by over current, earth fault, Differential and Stepped distance protection.  EHV & UHV Transmission lines - Type and nature of faults, Need for auto-reclosure	06			
	schemes, Carrier aided distance protection (Directional comparison method), Power Line				
	Carrier Current protection (Phase comparison method). Introduction to the concept of Islanding				
	Introduction to Static & Numerical Relays:				
	Static Relays- Introduction, Definition, Advantages and Disadvantages, Application of op-				
6	amps, logic gates, DSP, in static/ digital Relays. Relays as comparators (Amplitude &	0.5			
	phase), <b>Numerical Relays</b> - Introduction, Block diagram of numerical relay, Signal sampling,	05			
	Anti –Aliasing Filter, Introduction to the concept of Phase Measurement Unit				
	7 7				

#### **Books Recommended:**

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Switchgear & Protection by Sunil.S.Rao, Khanna Publications
- 2. Power system Protection & Switchgear by Badriram Vishwakarma, TMH
- 3. Power System Protection And Switchgear by Bhuvanesh A O, Nirmal CN, Rashesh PM, Vijay HM, Mc Graw Hill

### Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of protection by Paithanker & Bhide.S.R, P.H.I
- 2. Static Relays by Madhava Rao, TMH
- 3. A text book on Power System Engineering by Soni, Gupta, Bhatnagar & Chakraborthi, Dhanpat Rai & Co
- 4. Protective Relaying by Lewis Blackburn, Thomas.J.Domin
- 5. Power System Protection by P.M. Anderson, Wiley Interscience
- 6. Modern Power System Protection Divyesh Oza, TMH Publication

### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. **NPTEL Course: Power System Protection** By Prof. S.A. Soman, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Bombay:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/101/108101039/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Power System Protection and Switchgear** By Prof. **Bhaveshkumar Bhalja**, Dept. of Electrical Engg, IIT Roorkee:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107167/
- 3. **NPTEL Course: Power System Protection** By Prof. **Ashok Kumar Pradhan**, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kharagpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105167/

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI									
Course	Cauraa Naraa	Teaching Scheme (Co	ntact Hours)	Credits Assigned					
Code	Course Name	Theory	Tutorial	Theory	Tutorial	Total			
EEC602	Microcontroller Applications	3	-	3	-	3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course		Theory								
Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Duration (Hrs.)	Work	Oral		
EEC603	Microcontroller									
EEC602	Applications	20	20	20	80	03	-	-	100	

	1. To understand the features and architecture of PIC 18 microcontroller.							
Course	2. To introduce assembly programming knowledge for PIC 18 microcontroller.							
Objectives	3. To impart embedded programming knowledge for PIC 18 microcontroller using C.							
	4. To introduce various applications using microcontroller based system							
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:							
	1. To analyse the difference between microprocessor and microcontroller based systems.							
	2. To write, debug and execute the software programs for internal peripheral devices of							
Course	microcontroller.							
Outcomes	3. To write, debug and execute the software programs for external peripheral devices for							
	microcontroller based systems.							
	4. To design and implement the peripheral devices interfacing with microcontroller							

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction to Microcontroller  Block diagram of generic microcontroller, Microcontroller versus Microprocessor, A brief history of PIC microcontroller, Overview of PIC 18 family and features, Internal Bus structure of PIC microcontroller, Clock frequency, machine cycle and instruction cycle.	05
2.	PIC18F Programming Model and Instruction Set PIC18 microcontroller programming model, Bus architecture, program memory and data memory organization, Special Function Registers (SFRs), General Purpose Registers (GPRs)  CPU registers: Working Register (Wreg), Status Register, Bank Select Register (BSR), Instruction Decoder  Memory Pointers: Program ROM and Program Counter (PC), Data ROM and Table Pointer (TBLPTR), File memory and File Select Register (FSR), Stack and Stack Pointer (STKPTR) PIC 18 internal Architecture: ALU, EEPROM, RAM, IO Ports, Timer, ADC, Serial port, CCP, Pipelining. (conceptual overview only) Instructions and Assembly Programs: Instruction Set, Instruction formats, Addressing modes, Assembler Directives, Assembly programs. (Assembly programs are restricted to basic arithmetic, logical and data transfer operations only)	08
3.	PIC 18 Support Devices  Timer Module: Basic Concept of Timers and counters, Timer Registers, Control Registers, 8 bit and 16 bit operation (only for Timer 0), CCP module (Capture, Compare and PWM), Watch dog Timer.  ADC module: ADC Features, Block diagram of ADC module, ADC Registers, ADCONO, ADCON1 and ADCON2.  Interrupt Module: Basic concept of Interrupt, PIC 18 Interrupts, Interrupt versus polling, Interrupt sources, Interrupt vector, Interrupt service routine, Interrupt process, RCON, INTCON, IPR1 and PIE1.	06

4.	Parallel Ports and Serial Communication  IO PORT Module: Basic concept of I/O interfacing, PORT Registers, TRIS Registers, LAT Registers, Simple input /output peripheral interfacing (switches & LEDs).  Serial communication: Basics of serial communication, Data framing, USART module, SPBRG, TXREG, RCREG, TXSTA, RCSTA, PIR1	06
5.	PIC Programming in C IO programming: Byte size IO, Bit addressable IO. Timer programming: Generating delay, generating square wave. (for TimerO using Interrupt based programming only) Serial port programming: Transmit data serially, Receive data serially. (Interrupt based programming only)	06
6.	Microcontroller Applications Interfacing matrix keyboard and Seven segments LED display, LCD Interfacing, ADC Interfacing, Traffic signal controller, DC motor interfacing, Stepper motor interfacing, PWM signal generation.	08

### Text/Reference Books:-

- 1. Ramesh Gaonkar, "Fundamentals of Microcontrollers and Applications in Embedded Systems (with the PIC 18 Microcontroller Family)", Penram International publications (Ind) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Ali Mazidi, Rolind D Mckinlay and Danny Causey , "PIC Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education ltd., 2015
- 3. Robert B. Reese, "Microcontroller from Assembly Language to C using PIC18FXX2", Davinici Engineering press.
- 4. Han Way Huang, "PIC Microcontroller: An Introduction to Software and Hardware Interfacing", Cengage Learning, 2005.

### Website Reference / Video Courses:

1. **NPTEL Course: Microprocessors And Microcontrollers** By Prof. Santanu Chattopadhyay, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kharagpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105102/

#### Assessment:

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- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked
- 4. Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI									
Course code	Course Name	_	s scheme t Hours)	Credits Assigned					
EEC603	Control System Design	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total			
LLCOOS		3		3		3			

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Carraa				Theor						
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term Work	Pract/ Oral	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem. Exam	Duration (in Hrs)	VVOIK	Orai		
EEC603	Control System Design	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100	

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To establish a quantitative foundation to the design and analysis of Control systems.</li> <li>To impart knowledge and skill on compensator design.</li> <li>To study basics of digital control system and design of digital compensator.</li> <li>To understand the concept of state –space analysis, to design the compensator in time and frequency domain, to design the PID compensator.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to</li> <li>Define fundamental control system design specifications and basic principles of controller design</li> <li>Understand the basic design of various compensators.</li> <li>Design compensators using root locus techniques.</li> <li>Design modern controllers based on the state space techniques,</li> <li>Recognize the importance of observability and controllability for system design.</li> </ol>

Module	Contents	Hours		
	Introduction to the Compensator:			
1.	Basic concept of compensator design, its requirement, cascade compensator, feedback			
	compensator, gain compensation, lag, lead and lag-lead compensator, proportional,	03		
	derivative, integral Compensation, physical realization of compensator with passive and			
	active components, basic block diagrams of a compensated closed loop control system.			
	Design of Compensators using Root Locus Technique:			
2.	Introduction, improving steady state error by gain compensation, transient response	08		
	improvement by cascade compensation, improving steady state and transient response.			
	Design of Compensators using Frequency Response Technique (Bode Plot):			
	Introduction, Relation between closed-loop time response parameters of peak time,			
3.	settling time, and percent overshoot with the open-loop frequency response	08		
	parameters, transient response improvement by gain adjustment, Lag compensation,			
	Lead compensation, Lag-lead compensation			
	Design of Compensators using State variable approach:			
	Introduction, pole placement topology, controller design by pole placement topology in			
	phase variable form, controllability, controllability matrix, controllability by inspection,			
4.	alternative approach to controller design, controller design by transformation.	07		
	Introduction to Observer / estimator, observability, , observability matrix, observability			
	by inspection, observer design by pole placement, alternative approach to Observer			
	design. Steady state error design using integral control			
	Digital control System:			
5.	Introduction, advantage of digital control, components of digital control system,	06		
	derivation of digital/ pulse transfer function, block diagram reduction, stability of digital	Ub		
	system on Z-plane, bilinear transformation, steady state error and error constants			
6.	Design of Digital Compensators:	07		

Transient response on the Z-plane, gain design on Z plane for transient response using root locus, stability design by root locus, cascade compensation (design of digital lead, lag and lag-lead compensator) of digital system using s-plane, implementing the digital compensator.

#### Text Books:-

- 1. Control system engineering by Norman Nise 2nd edition
- 2. Digital Control Systems by Benjamin C. Kuo, Oxford series 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- 3. Control Engineering: An Introductory Course by Wilkie J., Johnson M., Katebi R., Palgrave MacMillan.
- 4. Industrial Control Electronics: Devices, Systems and Applications by Bartelt, Delmar Thomson Learning, 1st edition

#### Reference Books:-

- 1. Modern control Engineering by Richard C Dorf, SH Bishop, & Wesley edition, Eighth Edition
- 2. Linear Control system Analysis and design with MATLAB, by J.J. Azzo, C. H. Houpis, S.N. Sheldon, Marcel Dekkar, ISBN 0824740386
- 3. Control System Engineering, Shivanagraju s. Devi L., New age International latest edition
- 4. Control System engineering by Nagrath and Gopal, 5th to latest edition, Wiley Eastern
- 5. Modern control system engineering by K. Ogata, printice Hall.
- 6. Automatic control systems, Basic analysis and Design, William A. Wolovich, Oxford
- 7. Process Control principles and applications, Surekha Bharot, Oxford Higher education

#### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. **NPTEL Course: Advanced Linear Continuous Control Systems** By **Prof. Yogesh Hote**, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Roorkee:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107115/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Industrial Instrumentation** By Prof. **Prof. S. Mukhopadhyay and Prof. S.Sen**, IIT Kharagpur:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105062/

# Assessment:

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- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI								
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (Contact Hours) Credits Assigned							
EEC604	Signals and Systems	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total			
	oignais and systems	3		3		3			

		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course Name	Theory							
Code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total
		Tost 1	Tost 2	Δνισ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral	Total
		Test 1 T	Test 2	Test 2 Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEC604	Signals and Systems	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100

	1. To impart knowledge on continuous and discrete time signals.
	2. To understand the basic properties of signals & systems
Course	3. To know the methods of characterization of LTI systems in time domain
Objectives	4. To analyze discrete time signals and system in the Fourier and Z transform domain
	5. Understand the design of various types of digital filters and implement them using various
	implementation structures
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to
Course	1. Discriminate continuous and discrete time signals and systems.
Outcomes	2. Understand the transformation of discrete time signal to Z domain.
	3. Analyse frequency response of systems using Z domain.
	4. Design, implementation, analysis and comparison of digital filters for processing of discrete
	time signals

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction- Classification of Signals and Systems:  Definitions of signal and system. Standard signals- Step, Ramp, Pulse, impulse, Real and complex exponentials and Sinusoids, Classification of signals — Continuous time (CT) and Discrete Time (DT) signals, Periodic & Aperiodic signals, Deterministic & Random signals, Even and odd, Energy & Power signals, Classification of systems- Linear/ Non-Linear, Time-Variant/Invariant, Causal /Anti causal, stable/unstable, Memory/ Memory less System (static and dynamic), Sampling Theorem (Derivation is not Required).  Basic operations on signals-Folding, Scaling and Time shifting). Convolution in DT domain (Matrix Method only)	07
2.	<b>Z-Transform</b> Z-Transform of bilateral signal, Definition of ROC, Properties of ROC, Properties of Z-transform, Inverse Z-Transform (only partial fraction).	05
3.	Frequency Response & Fourier Series  Pole-zero plot in DT domain, Minimum phase, Maximum phase, Mixed phase and Linear, Phase System based on location of zeros, Low pass, high pass, Band pass and band reject system based on pass band frequency, Formation of Difference Equation, Solution of difference Equation (with & without initial Conditions), Zero input, zero state and Total Response of the system, Magnitude and phase response (only Analytical Method). , Introduction to Fourier Series: Representation of continuous time Periodic Signals, convergence of the Fourier Series, Properties of continuous time Fourier Series, Fourier Series representation of discrete time periodic signals, Properties of discrete time Fourier Series	10
4.	Discrete and Fast Fourier Transform DTFT, DFT & IDFT (Only Matrix Method), Properties of DFT, DIT FFT Algorithm (Radix-2)	06
5.	Design of FIR System	06

	Introduction to FIR System, Group Delay, phase Delay, Condition for Linear phase FIR system, Window Technique (only Rectangular window function, Hamming Window function)	
6.	Design of IIR System Introduction to IIR System & Bilinear Transformation, Digital Butterworth Filter design using Bilinear Transformation	05

#### Text Books:-

- 1. Salivahan S.," Digital Signal Processing", TMH Publication, 2012
- 2. Oppenhein & Schafer," Discrete Time Signal Processing," PHI Publication 1989.
- 3. Haykin S and Van Veen B," Signal and System", Wiley Publication, 2nd Ed.
- 4. Linder D.K.," Introduction to Signal & System," McGraw Hill International, 1999.

#### Reference Books:-.

- 1. Proakis & Manolakis," Digital Signal Processing", PHI Publication, 1995.
- 2. Mitra S.K.," Digital Signal Processing," TMH Publication, 2001.
- 3. Digital Signal Processing: A Practitioner's Approach, Kaluri V. Rangarao, Ranjan K. Malli November 2006, John Wiley.
- 4. Li Tan,"Digital Signal Processing, Fundamental & Application", Elsevier Publisher, Academic Press
- 5. DSP A Practical Approach Emmanuel C. Ifeacher, Barrie. W. Jervis, 2 ed., Pearson Education

### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. **NPTEL Course: Principles of Signals And Systems** By Prof. Ravindra Arora, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kanpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104100/
- 2. **NPTEL Course: Signals And Systems** By Prof. Kushal K. Shah, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IISER Bhopal:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/106/108106163/

#### Assessment:

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- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI							
Course code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (Contact Hours) Credits Assigned				ed	
EEDO6011	Special Electrical	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total	
LEDOGGII	Machines	3		3		3	

		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course Name	Theory							
code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total
coac		Test 1 Test	Toct 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral	Total
			Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEDO6011	Special Electrical Machines	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100

Course Objectives	To impart knowledge on special electrical machines and its control
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:
Course	1. To exemplify the working of Stepper motor and its control
Outcomes	2. To demonstrate the functioning of SRM motor and its control
	3. To illustrate the working of BLDC motor and its control
	4. To illustrate the operational features of PMSM motor and its control
	5. To illustrate the operational features of Synchronous reluctance motor and its control
	6. To illustrate the working of Linear motors

Module	Contents	Hours
1	Stepper motor and its Control: Features, construction, application and working of Stepper motor Characteristics – Open Loop and Closed Loop Control – Control Strategies -Power Converter Circuit –DSP/ Microcontroller based Control	07
2	Switched reluctance Motor and its Control: Features, construction, application and working of Switched Reluctance motor; Open Loop and Closed Loop Control- Control Strategies - Power Converter Circuit –DSP/ Microcontroller based Control – Sensor less control	07
3	Brushless DC Machines and its control: Brushless DC Machines Construction and working principle, Equivalent magnetic circuit, Type of converter and speed control, Comparison between the axial and radial permanent magnet motors, Applications. Characteristics — Open Loop and Closed Loop Control — Control Strategies - Power Converter Circuit —DSP/ Microcontroller based Control	07
4	Permanent Magnet Synchronous Machine and its control:  Features, construction, application and working of PMSM, Characteristics – Open Loop and Closed Loop Control – Control Strategies - Power Converter Circuit –DSP/ Microcontroller based Control	07
5.	Synchronous Reluctance Motor and its control Construction, Working, Phasor Diagram, Torque Equation, Control - Direct Axis Current Control, Fast Torque Response Control, Advantages	06
6.	Linear Induction Machine Construction, Types, Working, Feature, Thrust Equation, Equivalent circuit, Characteristics, Control, Application	05

**Books Recommended:** 

#### Text Books:

- 1. E. G. Janardanan Special Electrical Machine PHI, publication
- 2. G. K. Dubey-Fundamentals of Electrical Drives, CRC press 2002 Technology & Engineering
- 3. K. Venkataratnam- Special Electric Machines, Universities Press, Apr-2009 Technology & Engineering

#### Reference Books:

- 1. D. C. Hanselman Brushless Permanent-Magnet Motor Design—Eman Press LLC
- 2. R. Krishnan, SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTOR DRIVES Modeling, Simulation, Analysis, Design, and Applications, CRC Press.
- 3. M. Ramamoorty, O. Chandra Sekhar—Electrical Machines PHI publication
- 4. R Krishnan Permanent Magnet Synchronous and Brushless DC Motor Drives—CRC press

#### Website Reference / Video Courses:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Advanced Electric Drives By Dr. S.P. Das, Department of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kanpur:-Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104011/
- 2. NPTEL Course: Fundamentals of Electric Drives By Dr. S.P. Das, Department of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kanpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104140/

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- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI							
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (Contact Hours) Credits Assigned					
EEDO6012	Electric Traction	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total	
LLDOGGIZ	Electric Traction	3		3		3	

		Examination Scheme								
Course	Course Name			Theor						
code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
334.5		Toot 1	Toot 2	Δνισ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)				
EEDO6012	Electric Traction	20	20	20	80	3	-	-	100	

Course	To impart knowledge of principles of electrical traction
Objectives	To explore various electrical subsystems of traction
	To increase the awareness of latest developments in electric traction systems
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:
Course	1. To illustrate the basics as well as the state of the art of electrical traction systems and
Outcomes	subsystems.
	2. To understand traction mechanics and different factors contributing to the traction.
	3. To illustrate and analyse the performance of various traction motors and drives
	4. To explain the traction power Supply arrangement and its protection aspects.
	5. To understand the design requirements of the overhead equipments
	6. To demonstrate the functioning of railway signaling system

Module	Contents	Hours
	Introduction to Electric Traction:	
1	Requirements of Ideal Traction Systems, the Indian Scenario of Electric traction, Present day State of art Electric traction as a Viable Transport Strategy, Advantages of Electric Traction over other systems of traction, Ideal choice of traction system, Power supply systems for Electric Traction, DC systems, Single phase ac system and three phase ac systems, Kando systems, Latest Developments in 3phase with special reference to locomotives, EMUs and Metro stock, Role of Battery banks in Traction, types and maintenance.	04
2.	Traction Mechanics: Types of services, Speed-Time Curve, Trapezoidal, Quadrilateral Speed-Time Curve, Mechanics of train movement, Different Speed - time characteristics for train movement, Requirement of tractive effort and tractive effort produced, Train resistance, Power output and energy output from driving axles, Specific energy consumption & Factors affecting SEC, Adhesion & Coefficient of adhesion, Concept of Weight Transfer and weight transfer due to torque exerted by Traction motor, Influence of Electrical parts on Co-efficient of adhesion, wheel slip detection device (Numericals)	08
3.	Traction motor and Drives:  Type of traction motor best suited for traction duties, Available motor characteristics and their suitability for traction duties, speed control methods, Braking methods, special Emphasis and techniques of regenerative braking, Optimization of design and construction features for improved power to weight ratio, Power Factor and Harmonics, Tractive Effort and Drive Ratings, Important Features of Traction Drives, conventional DC and AC Traction drives, Semiconductor/IGBT based Converter Controlled Drives, DC Traction using Chopper Controlled Drives, AC Traction employing Poly-phase motors, Traction control of DC locomotives and EMU's, Traction control system of AC locomotives, Control gear, PWM	10

	motors), Linear Induction motors, introduction to Maglev Technology.	
4.	Power Supply Arrangement and Protection:  Traction substation, spacing and location of Traction substations, Major equipment at traction substation, selection and sizing of major equipment like transformer and Switchgear, Types of protection provided for Transformer and overhead lines, surge protection, maximum demand and load sharing between substations, sectionalizing paralleling post and feeder posts, Booster transformers, Return Conductor, 2X25KV AC system, controlling/monitoring, Railway SCADA systems, Train lighting and Air-conditioning	07
5.	Overhead Equipment and Track circuits:  Design requirement of catenary wire, contact wire, Dropper, Height, span length, Automatic weight tensioning, section insulator, overlap, Different techniques of current collection (overhead and underground systems), neutral section, overhead crossing of power lines, Protection.	05
6.	Railway Signaling:  Block Section Concept, AC/DC Track Circuits, Interlocking Principle, Train speed and signaling, Solid state Interlocking, Automatic Warning Systems, CAB signaling, Signaling level crossing. Permissible limit of EMI and EMC, Permissible capacitively-coupled current, Coupling between circuits, conductive coupling, Electrostatic induction.	05

### **Textbook and Reference Books**

- 1. Modern Electric traction by H.Partab:
- 2. Electric Traction Motive Power and Energie Supply by Andreas Steimel, Oldenbourg Industrieverlag GmbH, 2008
- 3. Electrical Railway Transportation Systems by Morris Brenna, Federica Foiadelli and Dario Zaninelli, IEEE Press and Wiley, 2018
- 4. Power Electronics and Electric Drives for Traction Applications Edited by Gonzalo Abad, Wiley, 2017

#### Assessment:

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- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI						
Course Code	Course Name	Course Name Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours) Credit Assigned					
		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	Total	
EEDO6013	High Voltage Engineering	3	-	3		3	

		Examination Scheme							
	Course Name		Theo	ry		Practical			
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Term	Pract. &	Oral	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	work	Oral		
					Exam				
EEDO6013	High Voltage Engineering	20	20	20	80	-	-	-	100

_	1. To understand various breakdown processes in solid, liquid and gaseous insulating
Course	materials.
Objectives	2. To impart the knowledge of Generation of high voltage DC, AC and Impulse voltages and currents.
	3. To impart the knowledge of Testing and Measurement of high voltage DC, AC and
	Impulse voltages and currents.
	4. To understand the design and layout of HV Laboratories
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:
Course	1. To know the fundamentals properties of the materials and their failure mechanisms to get
outcomes	appropriate and optimal design.
	2. To explain and calculate the generation and measurement of High DC, AC and Impulse
	voltages and currents.
	3. To understand testing of High voltage power apparatus.
	4. To illustrate the major requirements in design of HV Laboratories.

Module	Contents	Hours
1	<ul> <li>Electrostatic Fields, Their Control and Estimation:</li> <li>Electric field Stress, its control and Estimation, Numerical methods – Finite difference, Finite Element and Charge simulation method for estimation of Electric Field. Surge voltage, their distribution and control</li> </ul>	04
2	<ul> <li>Conduction and Breakdown in Air and Other Gaseous Dielectrics:</li> <li>Gases as insulating media, Collision Processes, Ionization process in gas, Townsend's Theory, current growth equation in presence of primary and secondary ionization processes, Townsend's criterion for breakdown in electronegative gases, Limitation of Townsend's theory, Panchen's law, Breakdown in non-uniform fields and corona discharges.</li> <li>Streamer mechanism of breakdown, Post-breakdown phenomenon and application.</li> <li>Practical considerations in using gas for insulation purposes.         (Numerical on Townsend's theory and Paschen's law)     </li> </ul>	07
3	<ul> <li>Breakdown in Liquid and Solid Dielectrics:</li> <li>Liquid Dielectrics, Conduction and breakdown in pure liquids, Conduction and breakdown in commercial liquids: Suspended Particle Theory, Cavitations and bubble Theory.</li> <li>Solid dielectrics used in practice, Intrinsic, Electro-mechanical and Thermal breakdown, Breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, due to chemical, electrochemical deterioration, treeing, tracking, Internal discharges.</li> <li>Breakdown of composite insulation, Application of insulating materials in electrical power apparatus, electronic equipment's.</li> </ul>	06

4	<ul> <li>Generation &amp; Measurement of High Voltage and Currents:</li> <li>Generation of high voltage and currents: Generation of high DC voltages by rectifier, Voltage doublers and multiplier circuits.</li> <li>Electrostatic machines, Generation of high AC voltage – Cascading of transformers, series and parallel Resonance transformer (system), Tesla coil.</li> <li>Generation of impulse voltages and currents-Impulse voltage definition, wave front and wave tail time, Multistage impulse generator, Modified Marx circuit, Tripping and control of conventional impulse generators, Introduction to Generation of high impulse current, (Design of Marx Generators circuits- numerical can be taken).</li> <li>Generation of switching surges.</li> <li>(Numerical based on impulse generation, high DC voltage generation, optimum number of stages)</li> </ul>	08
5	<ul> <li>Measurement of High Voltages and Currents:</li> <li>High ohmic series resistance with micro-ammeter., HVAC and impulse voltage-Resistance and capacitance voltage dividers, Sphere gap for measurement of High DC, AC and impulse voltages, Capacitance Voltage Transformer</li> <li>Measurement of High DC, AC and impulse currents</li> </ul>	06
6	<ul> <li>High Voltage Testing of Electrical Power Apparatus and H V Laboratories Layouts:</li> <li>Non-destructive testing of dielectric materials, DC resistivity measurement, Dielectric and loss factor measurement, Partial discharge measurement.</li> <li>Testing of insulators and bushing, Power capacitors and cables testing, testing of surge diverters.</li> <li>High Voltage laboratory—design, planning and layout Size and dimensions of the equipment and their layout, Classification of HV laboratory, Earthing and Shielding of H.V. laboratories, its importance.</li> </ul>	08

#### Textbooks:

- 1. C. L. Wadhwa, "High Voltage Engineering", New Age International Publishers Ltd.
- 2. M. S. Naidu, V. Kamaraju, "High Voltage Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publication Co. Ltd. New Delhi

### Reference books:

- 1. E. Kuffel, W. S. Zaengl, J. Kuffel, "High Voltage Engineering Fundamentals", Newnes Publication
- 2. Prof. D. V. Razevig Translated from Russian by Dr. M. P. Chourasia, "High Voltage Engineering", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- 3. Ravindra Arora, Wolf Gang Mosch, "High Voltage Insulation Engineering", New Age International Publishers Ltd. Wiley Estern Ltd.
- 4. High Voltage Engineering Theory and Practice by M. Khalifa Marcel Dekker Inc. New York and Basel.
- 5. Subir Ray, "An Introduction to High Voltage Engineering" PHI Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

### Website Reference / Video Courses:

1. **NPTEL Course: High Voltage Engineering** By Prof. Aditya K. Jagannatham, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, IIT Kanpur:- Web link- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104048/

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI							
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching (Contact		Credits Assigned				
EEDO6014	Energy Storage	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total		
Elegotia Elicity Storage		3		3		3		

		Examination Scheme								
Course	Course Name			Theor						
code		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Pract/	Total	
Code		Test 1	Test 2	Λνσ	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oral	Total	
		rest 1	Test 2	Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)				
EEDO6014	Energy Storage	20	20	20	80	3	ı	-	100	

Course	To explore the various energy storage technologies and their major applications
Objectives	To increase awareness of ES suitability and capacity calculation for any given applications
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:
	1. To illustrate the importance of energy storage systems in Power systems and other
	application domains
Course	2. To illustrate the operational features of various energy storage technologies
Outcomes	3. To understand the principles and types of thermal, mechanical, electrochemical and electrical energy storage systems.
	4. To compare and contrast different types of Energy storage systems
	5. To illustrate the hybridization of various ES technology to improve the performance
	6. To calculate the capacity of ES system for various application requirements,

Module	Contents	Hours
1.	Introduction to Energy Storage systems and components: Historical Perspective, Storage Needs, Variations in Energy Demand, Interruptions in Energy Supply, Demand for Portable Energy, Environmental and sustainability issues; Necessity of energy storage, different types of energy storage, mechanical, chemical, electrical, electrochemical, biological, magnetic, electromagnetic, thermal, comparison of energy storage technologies;	07
2.	Thermal Energy Storage: Principles and applications, Latent heat, sensible heat storage. Molten salt, Solar pond, seasonal thermal energy storage, Ice storage; Energy and exergy analysis of thermal energy storage.	05
3.	Mechanical Energy Storage: Potential Energy Storage, Energy Storage in Pressurized Gas, Compressed air energy storage (CAES), Flywheel, Applications	04
4.	Electrochemical Energy Storage: Parameters to be considered, Cyclic behaviour, equivalent circuit of electrochemical cell, self-discharge, Battery technologies: Flow battery, Rechargeable battery, Lead-acid, Nickel-Metal hydride, Lithium Ion; Battery system model, parameters; emerging trends in batteries. Fuel Cell: types, comparison and applications.	07
5.	Electrical Energy Storage: Pumped hydro storage system, Energy Storage in Capacitors, Comparative Magnitudes of Energy Storage, Transient behaviour of a Capacitor, Super-capacitor, series connection of super capacitors, charge balancing of super capacitors; Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES), Applications	06

	Design, Sizing and Applications of Energy Storage:	
	Design considerations for sizing of different types of energy storage systems for various	
	applications, case studies;	
	Renewable energy storage- Battery sizing for stand-alone applications; Small scale	
6.	application-Portable storage systems; (Numerical)	10
	E-mobility storage applications- Electric vehicles (EVs), batteries, super-capacitors and	
	fuel cells, future technologies. Electric vehicle: V2X, G2V and V2G modes of operation.	
	Hybrid Energy storage systems: configurations and applications.	
	Energy Storage - Charging methodologies, SoC, SoH, SoS estimation techniques.	

#### Textbook:

- 1. Robert Huggins, Fundamentals, Materials and Applications Second Edition, Springer, 2016
- 2. Dincer I., and Rosen M. A. (2011); Thermal Energy Storage: Systems and Applications, Wiley
- 3. Leo J.M.J. Blomen and Michael N. Mugerwa, "Fuel Cell System", New York, Plenum Press, 1993.
- 4. Ahmed Faheem Zobaa, Energy storage Technologies and Applications, InTech Publication 2013.
- 5. Jiuchun Jiang and Caiping Zhang, Fundamentals and Applications of Lithium-Ion Batteries In Electric Drive Vehicles, Wiley, 2015
- 6. K.T. Chau, Energy Systems for Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, IET, UK, 2016
- 7. M. Broussely and G. Pistoia, Industrial Applications of Batteries From Cars to Aerospace and Energy Storage, Elsevier, 2007.

### Reference books

- 1. S. Kalaiselvam and R. Parameshwaran , Thermal Energy Storage Technologies for Sustainability Systems Design, Academic Press, 2014
- 2. Trevor M. Letcher, Storing Energy with Special Reference to Renewable Energy Source, Elsevier, 2016.
- 3. Frank S. Barnes and Jonah G. Levine, Large Energy Storage Systems Handbook, CRC Press, 2011
- 4. Aiping Yu, Victor Chabot, and Jiujun Zhang, Electrochemical Super-capacitors For Energy Storage And Delivery Fundamentals And Applications, CRC Press, 2013.
- 5. Younghyun Kim and Naehyuck Chang, Design and Management of Energy-Efficient Hybrid Electrical Energy Storage Systems, Springer, 2014

#### Assessment:

Internal Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test (on minimum 02 Modules) and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total four questions need to be solved.
- 3. Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 5 marks will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI											
Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme	e (Contact Hours)	Credit Assigned								
Code		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	Total						
EEL601	Power System Protection And Switchgear Lab	-	2	-	1	1						

		Examination Scheme							
Course		Theory				TW/Practical/Oral			
Code	Course Name		Internal Assessment End			Term	Pract.	Oral	Total
Code		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	work	& Oral		
					Exam				
EEL601	Power System Protection					25		25	F0
	And Switchgear Lab	-	-	-	-	25		25	50

Course Objectives	To introduce the concept of different protection schemes
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:
	1. To understand the working principle of various protective devices like Circuit breakers, fuses,
Course	switches and contactors.
Outcomes	2. To understand the concept of various over current protection scheme and its applications in
	power system.
	3. To understand different protection schemes of transformer and Induction motor.
	4. To understand protection schemes of transmission line.

### Syllabus: Same as that of Course EEC601-Power System Protection and Switchgear

### Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments: Minimum six experiments need to be performed.

- 1. Demonstration of working parts of different Fuses and Contactor.
- 2. Demonstration of working parts of MCB, MCCB, RCCB & Circuit breakers.
- 3. To perform overcurrent protection using Induction Disc relay by setting different TSM and plot time vs current characteristics.
- 4. To perform overvoltage protection using Induction Disc relay by setting different TSM and plot time vs current characteristics.
- 5. Demonstration of different protection schemes like protection against overload, locked rotor, single phasing of 3 phase Induction motor.
- 6. Demonstration of differential protection of 3 phase transformer.
- 7. Demonstration of Directional Over-current protection relay.
- 8. To perform simulation of Numerical Based relay.
- 9. To perform simulation of distance protection in transmission line.
- Any other experiment based on syllabus, which will help students to understand topics/concept.
- It is desirable to arrange the Visit to a substation and a report preparation.

<u>Industry Visit:</u> Students' visit to be arranged to the nearby industry involved in design/ manufacturing/ processing in the following electrical engineering domains: Electrical Switchgears / Electrical Substation / Electrical Machines / Traction Locomotives / HV Equipments / Energy Storage . All students shall submit visit report in appropriate format as a part of the submission for EEL601.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remote-access to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

### **Virtual Lab Website Reference**

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum six experiments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance : 10 marks
Journal : 05 marks
Industrial Visit Report : 05 Marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

### Oral Examination:

Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus of EEC601-Power System Protection and Switchgear

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SEM-VI											
Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours) Credit Assigned										
Code		Theory	Theory	Practical	Total							
EEL602	Microcontroller Applications Lab	-	2	-	1	1						

			Examination Scheme						
			Theory				Practical		
Course	Course Name	Intern	Internal Assessment		End	Term	Pract.	Oral	Total
Code		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	work	& Oral		
					Exam				
EEL602	Microcontroller Applications Lab	-	-	-	-	25	25	-	50

Course	1. To impart the Assembly language programming knowledge of PIC 18 microcontroller.
Objectives	2. To impart the Embedded C programming knowledge of PIC 18 microcontroller
	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to
	1. To write, debug and execute Assembly language based programs.
Course	2. To write, debug and execute embedded language based programs.
Outcomes	3. To design and implement the interfacing of internal peripheral devices.
	4. To design and implement the interfacing of external peripheral devices.

Syllabus: Same as that of Course EEC602 Microcontroller Applications

Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments: Minimum four from Group (A) and four from Group (B), in all minimum eight experiments need to be performed.

### (A) Assembly Language Programming:

- 1. To perform Addition, subtraction
- 2. To perform Multiplication and Division
- 3. To perform Logical operations (AND, OR, X-OR, NOT)
- 4. To sort Even and Odd numbers
- 5. To sort Negative and Positive numbers
- 6. To Find Largest Number
- 7. To Find Largest Number
- 8. To copy source array to destination array (Table related process)
- **9.** To Toggle the bits of Port.

#### (B) Embedded C Language Programming:

- 1. Timer programming to Generate square wave
- 2. Timer programming to Generate time delay
- 3. Timer programming to Generate the PWM pattern
- 4. ADC programming to perform Analog to digital conversion
- 5. Serial communication programming for serial data transfer
- 6. IO port programming to interface simple switches and 7-segment LED Display
- 7. IO port programming to interface Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
- 8. Stepper Motor interfacing
- 9. DC Motor interfacing
- 10. Traffic Signal programming

Any other experiment based on syllabus, which will help students to understand topics/concept.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remote-access to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

### **Virtual Lab Website Reference**

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

The term work shall consist of minimum 08 experiments based on PIC 18F microcontroller using assembly and embedded C language and minimum 02 assignments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance : 10 marks
Journal (Experiment and Assignments) : 10 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

#### **Practical & Oral Examination:**

Practical & Oral examination will be based on entire syllabus of EEC602-Microcontroller Applications

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-VI										
Course code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (Contact Hours)  Credits Assigned				ed					
EEL603	Control System Design	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total					
	Lab		2		1	1					

Subject code		Examination Scheme								
	oct				Theor					
	Subject Name	Internal Assessment End			Exam	Term	Oral	Total		
	iC .		Test 1 Test 2	Tost 2	Test 2 Avg	Sem.	Duration	Work	Orai	Total
				Avg	Exam	(in Hrs)				
EELG	:03	Control Systems						25	_	25
LLLO	EEL603	Design Lab						23	1	2.5

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To enable the students to strengthen their understanding of the design and analysis of control systems through practical exercises</li> <li>Use of modern software tools to analyze and simulate the performance of realistic system models and to design control systems to satisfy various performance specifications.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to  1. Implement various types of compensators and control algorithms using simulation platforms  2. Apply root-locus & Bode Plot techniques to analyze and design control systems.  3. Able to design digital controllers, assess their design through the constraint specifications

Syllabus: Same as EEC603: Control System Design

### Suggested List of Laboratory Experiments: Minimum eight experiments need to be performed.

- 1. To draw the frequency response characteristic of a given lag- lead compensating network.
- 2. To study the effect of P, PI, PD and PID controller on step response of a feedback control system (Using control engineering trainer/process control simulator). Verify the same by simulation.
- 3. Design of a Lead compensator using Root-locus method
- 4. Design of a lag compensator using Root-locus method
- 5. Design of a lead-lag compensator using Root-locus method
- 6. Design of a lead compensator using bode plot method
- 7. Design of a lag compensator using bode plot method
- 8. Design of a lead-lag compensator using bode plot method
- 9. Obtain transfer function of a given system from state variable model and vice versa. State variable analysis of a physical system obtain step response for the system by simulation
- 10. State variable analysis using simulation tools. To obtain step response and initial condition response for a single input, two output system in state variable form by simulation.
- 11. Familiarization with digital control system toolbox
- 12. Determination of z-transform, inverse z-transform & pole zero map of discrete systems to study step response of a discrete time system and effect of sampling time on system response
- 13. To explore the Properties of Digital Control Systems. Convert continuous time system to discrete system and vice versa. Root Locus of Digital control system on z-plane

Any other experiment based on syllabus which will help students to understand topic/concept is also suggested.

Note: Students and teachers are encouraged to use the virtual labs whose links are as given below The remoteaccess to Labs in various disciplines of Science and Engineering is available. Students can conduct online experiments which would help them in learning basic and advanced concepts through remote experimentation.

### **Virtual Lab Website Reference**

- 1. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electrical-engineering
- 2. http://vlab.co.in/broad-area-electronics-and-communications

#### Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum eight experiments. The distribution of marks shall be as follows:

Experiments Performance : 10 marks
Journal : 10 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING- SEM-VI											
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme		Credits Assign	ed							
SBL-III: Industrial		Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total						
EEL604	Automation Lab	-	4		2	2						

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory							
		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Oral	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg	Sem.	Duration	Work	Orai	Total
					Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEL604	SBL-III: Industrial Automation Lab						25	25	50

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Develop necessary acquaintance with components and subsystems used in industrial automation</li> <li>Develop the necessary skillset to integrate, monitor, maintain such systems</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able:</li> <li>To comprehend with various components and subsystems used in industrial automation</li> <li>To understand the integration of components and sub-systems.</li> <li>To interface the microcontroller / PLC with external devices/ sensors/ actuators.</li> <li>To interface the microcontroller / PLC with control circuits.</li> <li>To design /implement / integrate such systems for any given applications</li> </ol>

### Section A:

### Lab contents shall be covered through some of the following ways:

- 1) Class room discussions / Expert Lectures
- 2) Visiting various industries involving such facilities to illustrate industrial automation
- 3) Multiple day webinar specifically organized to cover such contents
- 4) In-house facility for demonstration of Industrial automation
- 5) Hands-on Workshop
- 6) Exhibitions showcasing these technologies
- 7) Using virtual Instrumentation platform
- 8) Using Virtual Lab platform (Virtual Labs (vlab.co.in)

#### Contents:

### 1) Components and subsystems used in Industrial automation:

Controllers: Computers, Distributed Control Systems (DCS), Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC), Embedded Controllers.

Operator Interfaces (HMI)-Text based, Graphical, Touchscreens.

Sensors-Analog & Digital; Encoders, Proximity sensor, Ultrasonic Sensors, Photoelectric Sensors; Limit Switches

Actuators-Pneumatic, Hydraulic, Electric; Motors- AC, DC, Linear, Servo and Stepper motor.

Mechanisms and Machine Elements- Cam Driven Systems, ratchets and pawl, gears; Linkages and coupling; Conveyors- Belt, Roller, Chain, Vibrating, Pneumatic.

Motion Profile- trapezoidal velocity motion, S-curve velocity motion, Multi-axis motion

hardware and software platforms for Distributed Control System, DCS Functional Block Diagram, and Sequential Flow Charts

Software- Design and Analysis software, PLC programming, SCADA

# 2) Industry 4.0:

Conceptual Framework- Main Concepts and Components of Industry 4.0; Technology Roadmap for Industry 4.0; Technologies and Applications: Data Analytics in Manufacturing, Role of IoT, Robotics in the era of Industry 4.0, Additive Manufacturing, 3D printing; Augmented Reality

### 3) Real life Applications:

- a) Agriculture/ farm produce-sorting and grading system
- b) Automated / Robotic Assembly line
- c) Temperature Control in Process Industries
- d) Cyclic Operation of Traffic Lights
- e) Conveyor System for an Assortment of Objects
- f) Automatically filling of two tanks with liquid
- g) Automated warehouse management system
- h) Automated bottle filling plant
- i) Automated packaging system

### 4) Industrial Safety Practices:

General Workplace Safety rules and procedures, recommended safety practices, Personal Protective Equipments (PPE), Industrial safety Acts and regulations

#### Section B:

Based on the insights received with the coverage of syllabus contents specified in section A, the students should carry out detailed study of at least six different applications listed below (maximum two from any group is desirable). They should have hands-on experience with each of these applications. Wherever possible software development / coding should be done by students.

#### Group 1: Pneumatic and Hydraulic based Industrial Automation systems:

- a) Electro-Pneumatic System for Pickup and Lay Down of Plastic Containers
- b) Design and assembly of Pneumatic / Hydraulic circuit and wiring of control interface for a particular application
- c) Application with different types of Pneumatic / Hydraulic valves and actuators (Any other application which incorporates Pneumatic and Hydraulic components)

### Group 2: Drives and Control-Industrial Automation systems

- a) Linear Motion Control System
- b) PLC based Motion Control System
- c) VFD control of Motor
- d) HMI interface based Control
- e) Conveyor belt system
- f) Sorting and grading System for Agriculture Applications
- g) Home automation system with Web Server
- h) Lift control System (Demo)

(Any other application which incorporates (Drives / Control)

### Group 3: Use of IoT in following Applications

- a) Smart Agriculture,
- b) Smart City,
- c) Smart Life—Wearable Technologies,
- d) Smart Health
- e) Smart Grid

(Any other application which incorporates IoT)

### Group 4: Other Applications: Based on PLC/ Embedded micro-controller

- a) To wire up hardware, write and implement ladder programs for the following controls.
  - i. Lamp control for various situations.
    - a. Staircase control, hospital etc.
    - b. Traffic light control.
  - ii. Water level control using level sensors

iiii. Logic implementation for Bottle Filling Application

b) Tune PID controller for heat exchanger using DCS (Any other suitable application)

Note: For each of the experiment carried out, students should prepare a detailed report, clearly specifying following:

- [1] Technical description and specification of the system
- [2] Drawing/ schematic/ block diagram for system visualization
- [3] Components used and their specs
- [4] Interconnectivity between the components
- [5] Working principle
- [6] Software tools used
- [7] Program code (if any) developed
- [8] Observations
- [9] Photographs of the system

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Industrial Automation Hands-On, by Frank Lamb, McGraw-Hill, 2013
- 2. Industrial Motion Control- Motor Selection, Drives, Controller Tuning, Applications, by Hakan Gürocak Wiley, 2016
- 3. Industry 4.0: Managing The Digital Transformation, by Alp Ustundag and Emre Cevikcan, Springer, 2018
- 4. Introduction to Industrial Automation, by Stamatios Manesis and George Nikolakopoulos, CRC Press, 2018

#### Term Work:

Term work shall consist of minimum requirement as given in the syllabus. The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory Performance : 15 marks
Journal : 05 marks
Attendance : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the minimum passing in the term work.

#### Oral Examination:

Oral examination will be based on experiments carried out in EEL604-SBL-III- Industrial Automation Lab

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING - SEMESTER-V						
Course Code	Course Name	Teaching scheme (Contact Hours) Credits Assigned				
EEM601 Mini Project – 2B		Theory	Pract./Tut.	Theory	Pract./Tut.	Total
			<b>4</b> \$		2	2

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory							
		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term	Oral	Total
		Test 1 Test	Tost 2	Avg	Sem.	Duration	Work	Oran	
			1631.2		Exam	(in Hrs)			
EEM601	Mini Project – 2B						25	25	25

# \$ indicates work load of Learner (Not Faculty)

Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To design and develop a moderately complex electrical/electronic/digital circuit with practical applications.</li> <li>To understand basic concepts of circuit design while developing the project.</li> <li>To enable the students to gain hands-on experience independently proposing and implementing the project and thus acquire the necessary confidence to deal with complex electrical/electronic/digital systems.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	<ol> <li>Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:         <ol> <li>Identify problems based on societal /research needs.</li> <li>Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group.</li> <li>Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader.</li> <li>Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental/ simulations.</li> <li>Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.</li> <li>Use standard norms of engineering practices</li> <li>Excel in written and oral communication.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to life-long learning.</li> <li>Demonstrate project management principles during project work</li> </ol>

### A. Mini Project -Topic Selection and Approval

- 1. The group may be of maximum FOUR (04) students.
- 2. Students should propose project ideas & finalize the project idea in consultation with guide/ HOD. Students should select a problem which addresses some basic home, office or other real life applications. The mini project must have hardware part. The software part is optional.
- 3. Students should identify different components/ devices, instruments, simulation/emulations software tools required for the project.
- 4. Students should submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/ PERT/ CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of project.
- 5. A Log Book to be prepared by each group to record the work progress in terms of milestones per week by students. Weekly comment, remarks to be put by guiding faculty.

### B. Mini Project –Execution

#### i. Design and Fabrication

- a. Initial fabrication of the project by students can be done using standard devices/material/software tools to verify the circuit functionalities Initial project fabrication and testing is expected to be done by soldering/assembling on general purpose PCB/ Bakelite boards or suitable platforms required for the electrical/electronic/digital components. Discourage the use of breadboards.
- b. If essential, use of a simulation/emulation software tools to test and verify the performance of the circuit should be encouraged.
- c. Students should prepare the proper drawings (electrical/ mechanical), schematics/ layouts of the project.
- d. For final implementation of the circuit, preparation of PCB (if any required) using suitable CAD tools and fabricating the same in the lab is expected.

### ii. Devices/ Components/ Systems to be Used:

Students are encouraged to use passive components like resistors, capacitors, inductors etc. If any specialize inductor is not readily available, the fabrication of the same in the lab should be encouraged. Other components like: Transistors, diodes, voltage regulators, logic gates, Op-amps, general purpose microcontroller, DC motors/ AC motors, sensors, actuators, relays etc. (Students may add more components as per the requirement of project).

### iii. Testing and analysis of the Project

Students should test the circuit using suitable laboratory equipments like power supply, multi-meter, CRO, DSO etc. In case of any debugging requirement, students should record the problems faced during the testing and solutions sought after for the fault in the circuit.

All the testing results must be well documented in the final project report verifying the functionalities of the propose project.

### iv. Use of Reference Material/Literature:

Students are advised to refer Application Notes, research publications & data sheets of various electrical/electronic/digital devices from Texas Instruments, Microchips, International Rectifiers, ST Microelectronics, Philips, NXP and many other manufacturers.

### C. Project Report Format:

Mini Project **report** should include circuit diagram, operation, application, design details, testing, waveforms (if applicable) references, simulation results and final prepared PCB image, conclusion, etc. Project report should include report of all above steps listed in (2) and the conclusion.

### Note:-

It is expected that the department should organise some of the guidance expert lectures / video lectures/ courses/ webinars/ workshops etc. for the students at the appropriate timing during the Mini Project practical slots on following topics:

- 1) Understanding passive components viz. resistors, capacitors and inductors from practical point of view: types/ varieties, device packages, applications and cost.
- 2) Understanding semiconductor components viz. diodes, BJT and JFET/MOSFETs from practical point of view: types/ varieties, device packages, applications and cost.
- 3) Design principles of simple electrical / electronic circuits with some examples.
- 4) Selection of switches and circuit protection components.
- 5) Selection and sizing of wires and conductors.
- 6) Soldering Practice.
- 7) Heat-sinking and Enclosure design concepts
- 8) Overall workmanship while working on the project fabrication.
- 9) Use of different software tools for design and development of circuits

11) Use of standard as well as some of the advanced laboratory equipments needed for testing of such projects

#### **Application Domains:**

List of key application domains from where students are encouraged to derive Mini Projects topics:

- 1) Smart Agriculture solutions
- 2) Power converter applications in various Applications
- 3) IoT based applications in power systems
- 4) AI/ML applications in disaster management
- 5) Renewable Energy
- 6) Energy Conservation
- 7) Energy Storage
- 8) Battery Charging and Protection
- 9) Fire Safety
- 10) Electrical System Protection
- 11) Lighting Control
- 12) Wireless Power Transfer
- 13) Electrical Components Testing
- 14) Electrical Parameters Measurement
- 15) Non-conventional Electricity Generation
- 16) Laboratory Equipments
- 17) E-Mobility / Electric Vehicles
- 18) Video Surveillance Systems
- 19) Robotics for Hazardous applications
- 20) Waste Management System
- 21) Smart City Solutions
- 22) Smart Classrooms and learning Solutions
- 23) Design of Electrical Equipment
- 24) PLC based automation system
- 25) Power system Monitoring System (EMS)

It is every much expected that the complexity of the Mini Project 2A/ 2B should be increased compared to the selection of projects during Mini Project 1A/1B. Also based on the subjects learned in Sem. III and Sem. IV the broader area inclusive of the concepts learned must be selected. Students can identify the mini project topics either from above suggested domains or any other relevant electrical engineering domains. The inter-disciplinary nature of the project is also desirable.

### Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project:

### Term Work

- The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.
- In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.
- Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below;
  - Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book: 10
  - Marks awarded by review committee : 10
  - Quality of Project report : 05

Review/progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines.

### One-year Mini Project:

- In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.
  - First shall be for finalization of problem
  - Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
- In second semester expected work shall be procurement of components /systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.
  - First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted.
  - Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

### Half-year Mini Project:

- In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,
  - Identification of need/problem
  - Proposed final solution
  - Procurement of components/systems
  - o Building prototype and testing
- Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,
  - o First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution
  - o Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

# Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

# Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

- 1. Quality of survey/ need identification
- 2. Clarity of Problem definition based on need.
- 3. Innovativeness in solutions
- 4. Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution
- 5. Cost effectiveness
- 6. Societal impact
- 7. Innovativeness
- 8. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 9. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 10. Effective use of skill sets
- 11. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 12. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 13. Clarity in written and oral communication
- In one year, project, first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
- In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

### <u>Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Oral Examination:</u>

- Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
- Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
- Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions

### Oral Examination: Mini Project shall be assessed during oral examination based on following points:

- 1. Quality of problem and Clarity
- 2. Innovativeness in solutions
- 3. Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
- 4. Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
- 5. Effective use of skill sets

- 6. Effective use of standard engineering norms
- 7. Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
- 8. Clarity in written and oral communication

#### Reference Books:

- 1. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, "The Art of Electronics", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2015
- 2. R. S. Khandpur, "Printed Circuit Board", McGraw-Hill Education; 1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Simon Monk, "Hacking Electronic: Learning Arduino and Raspberry Pi", McGraw-Hill Education TAB; 2 edition (September 28, 2017).
- 4. Matthew Scarpino, Designing Circuit Boards with EAGLE: Make High-Quality PCBs at Low Cost, 1st Edition Prentice Hall.
- 5. P. Horowitz and W. Hill, The Art of Electronics, 3 Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Archambeault and D. James, PCB Design for Real-World EMI Control, Springer Publications
- 7. Mitzner, Kraig, "Complete PCB design using OrCAD Capture and PCB", Elsevier, 2009
- 8. Peter Dalmaris, "Kicad Like a Pro", Tech exploration
- 9. Charles Platt, "Encyclopedia of Electronic Components Vol-1: Power, electromagnetism, and discrete semiconductors.", Maker Media, 2012
- 10. Charles Platt, "Encyclopedia of Electronic Components Vol-2: Integrated circuits, light sources, sound sources, heat sources, and high frequency sources.", Maker Media, 2015

### Suggested Software tools:

- 1. LTspice:https://www.analog.com/en/design-center/design-tools-and-calculators/ltspice-simulator.html#
- 2. Eagle: <a href="https://www.autodesk.in/products/eagle/overview">https://www.autodesk.in/products/eagle/overview</a>
- 3. OrCAD: https://www.orcad.com/
- 4. Multisim: <a href="https://www.multisim.com/">https://www.multisim.com/</a>
- 5. Webbench: <a href="http://www.ti.com/design-resources/design-tools-simulation/webench-power-designer.html">http://www.ti.com/design-resources/design-tools-simulation/webench-power-designer.html</a>
- 6. Tinkercad : <a href="https://www.tinkercad.com/">https://www.tinkercad.com/</a>
- 7. Raspbian OS: <a href="https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads">https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads</a>
- 8. Arduino IDE: https://www.arduino.cc/en/main/software

### Online Repository:

- 1. https://www.electronicsforu.com
- 2. https://circuitdigest.com
- 3. https://www.electronicshub.org
- 4. Github